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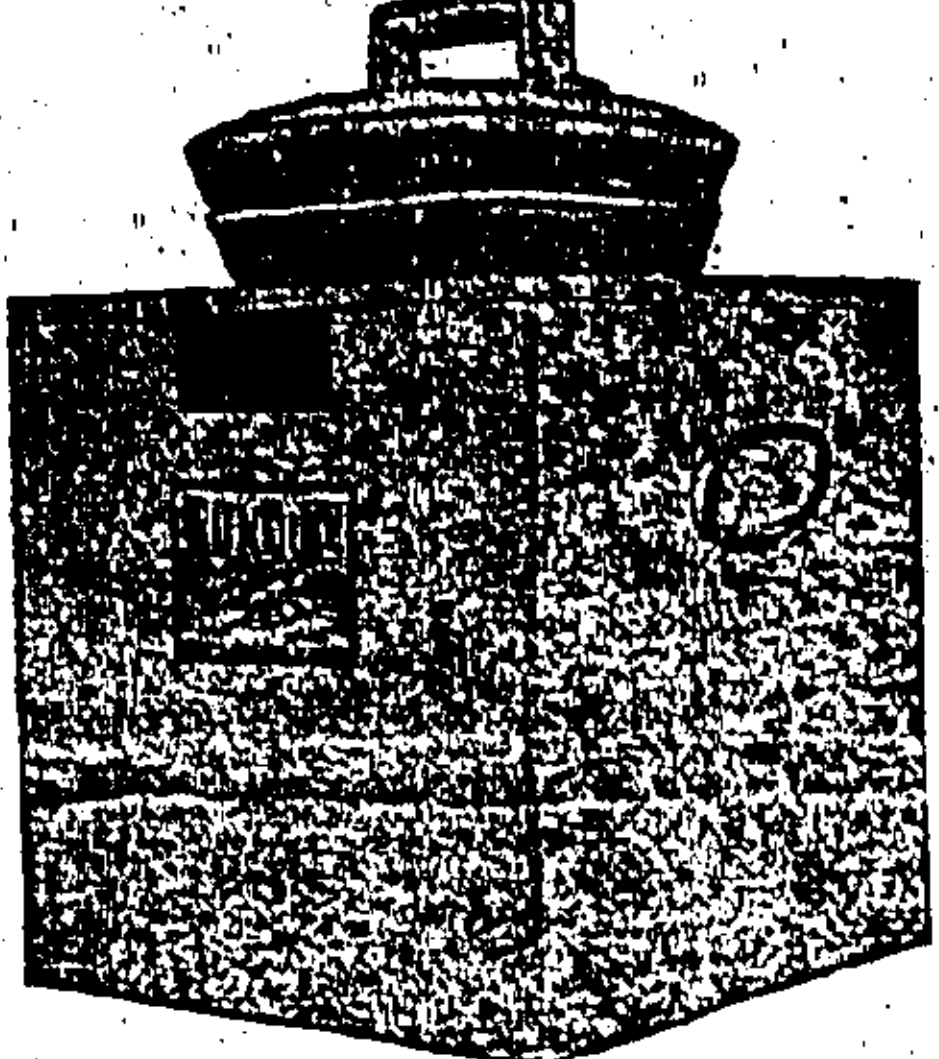
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FULL STORY OF FIRE DISASTER.

VICTIMS LEAP FROM BLAZING STRUCTURE.

"BRING THE BRIGADE, FOR GOD'S SAKE!"

GALLANT EFFORTS OF THREE FIREMEN.

More details of the terrible Gillingham fire disaster are now to hand. Brief accounts cabled from Reuter telegrams appeared in the Daily Press on July 13.

After two days of merry-making, the naval cadets and fire brigade staged their famous "Fireman's Wedding," without which the Gillingham Park fete would not be complete, says the London Star. For this little mock drama—none guessed what a terrible reality it was to be—a large four-storied house of wood and canvas was erected in the park.

Shortly before 10.30 the bride and bridegroom arrived. The bridegroom was Jack Tabrett, the Deputy Mace-Bearer to the Gillingham Council, who is one of those in hospital, and the "bride" was Mr. F. Warrell, whose charred body was shortly to lie in the mortuary.

Terrible Reality.

Accompanied by two clowns and a party of wedding guests the bride and bridegroom entered the building and went up to the third and fourth floors for their "reception." The scheme was that the building should then be fired. The guests were to hang out of the window and implore help from the bystanders. Gillingham Fire Brigade was then to dash up, rescue the guests and put out the fire.

The alarm was to have been given by maroons.

Then came the terrible reality. Before the maroon had been fired a great burst of flame leapt from the bottom of the house and shot up into the air, piercing with one fiery breath the whole structure and wrapping it in suffocating flames.

The guests hung out of the window, shouting "Bring the brigade, for God's sake," but, despite the fierceness of the flames, the spectators did not realise what had happened and applauded their "play-acting."

Too Late.

The firemen, concealed some distance away behind a screen of trees, did not realise that anything was wrong, and it was not until some minutes later, when the maroon was fired, that they rushed from their shelter and brought their hoses into action. They were too late.

A few of the guests were able to stagger out of the building, but nine at least were trapped beyond all hope of escape.

Several people jumped the 40ft. from the top floor. Two who did so were the boys, Neale and Wimp.

"At the moment," the Mayor said to a reporter shortly after the tragedy occurred, "we can only guess at the possible causes of the disaster. One suggestion is that someone in a fit of aberration fired half a dozen tar barrels which were in a lower storey. This seems the only explanation for the terrible blaze, which, within two minutes, had completely enveloped the house.

"I don't think the victims can have suffered very much. Within a few minutes they were probably half suffocated, and must have become unconscious shortly afterwards. But it was a terrible sight to see them hanging out of the window imploring help in earnest, but everyone thought it was make-believe."

"The ironical thing is that the firemen hidden away from sight remained at their stations waiting for the maroon signal while these poor people were being burnt to death. They did everything they could when they got on the scene."

No Panic.

"The fire would have required 20 hoses to extinguish it, and our men only had about half a dozen. The casualties were confined entirely to those who were in the building. The erection was a very slender affair, and burned itself out quickly in the first fury of the flames."

Most of the smaller spars and beams were burned completely out, and did not fall among the crowd. The people behaved magnificently, there was no panic. Even when they realised they were witnessing not a spectacle but a tragedy they did everything they could to help by keeping quiet and well back from the blazing tower."

The fierceness of the flames was such that those who were imprisoned were unable to reach the ladders although they were only a few feet away.

The premature start of the blaze may be gauged from the fact that two firemen were still on the top of the house putting the final touches to red and green lights and flares which were to be released by firework powder. One was Frank Cockayne, who jumped to the ground. The other man is missing.

When the fire had been extinguished and the bodies could be taken out, the only things available for wrapping them up to remove them to the mortuary, were the gaily coloured flags and bunting with which the adjacent tents had been decorated.

Harrowing Scenes.

Until the early hours of the next day there were harrowing scenes at the Gillingham mortuary.

Difficulty of identification was such that at 10 a.m. only two of the victims had been definitely identified. The identity of one was established by the peculiar stitching of the fragments of his shirt which had escaped the flames. The shirt had been made for him by his wife.

The distress of the relatives became such that they had to leave the mortuary, and throughout the night the police were taking to stricken homes at Gillingham, gruesome remnants of clothing of those who had perished.

Mr. Fred White, a Gillingham jeweller, who is captain of the Gillingham Fire Brigade, told a reporter what he thought was the cause of the catastrophe.

"It looks as if someone had accidentally dropped a lighted match or cigarette end on the inflammable material at the foot of the building. While the occupants are being rescued the fireman is supposed to go up the building inside with a lighted torch, giving the appearance of the building being on fire. Then, as soon as the last person is safe, a quantity of oil and tar at the bottom is ignited."

"The building is impregnated with inflammable material and lights up immediately. As soon as the tar and oil caught fire last night, the whole building went up in a roar. It was so sudden that though I was standing only about 20 yards away I did not even hear a scream. There were two motor pumps, one of them capable of pumping 600 gallons a minute, which I had got ready to play on the flames as soon as everyone was out of the building."

Helpless.

"In spite of the fact that everything was ready and a special dam of water had been filled to supply the hoses, we were quite helpless. The streams of water had absolutely no effect on the roaring flames."

Lieut. Read, who is second in command of the brigade, told of another possibility of the cause of the tragedy.

"A signal is always given when the oil and tar is to be set on fire, and it is possible that someone thought he heard the signal and put a match to the material."

"Someone ran round to my house when the tragedy occurred," said Mr. Winn, "and I went at once to the park."

"I found my boy lying on the ground beside Mr. Cockayne, one of the firemen who had jumped from the fire. I was told that my boy had jumped, too. Both were terribly burned, and had hardly any clothes left on."

"I took both in my motor-car to the hospital, and then stayed at my boy's bedside till he died."

He was only 13, a bright lad, and he belonged to the 3rd Midway Sea Scouts."

Mr. Eric Stanley, one of those who were engaged in the task of removing the bodies, said that they were all lying huddled together in all kinds of positions in the top storey of the building.

"I think they must all have died of suffocation before they were burned," he said. "It was the most terrible job I have ever had, and I went right through the war."

(Continued on Page 2.)

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day. (August 15.) Tennis: Knockout Tournament Y.M.C.A., 5.15 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "A Lady of Chance." World Theatre: "Tracked by the Police." Star Theatre: "Odette." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Peninsula Hotel and Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 5.24 a.m. and 9.13 p.m.; Low: 1.33 p.m. and 11.18 p.m. European Mails:—Inward: Europe via (Morea) Friday. (August 16.) Christian Fellowship Meeting, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m. H.K.V.D.C. Promenade Concert, 8.15 p.m. Billiards:—K.O.S.B. v. Garrison Mess, Police v. Craigengower, St. Patrick's v. Somersets, C. and P.O.'s Club v. Royal Artillery Police Res. v. Royal Engineers. Queen's Theatre: "A Lady of Chance." World Theatre: "Tracked by the Police." Star Theatre: "Odette." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 6.24 a.m. and 9.44 p.m.; Low: 2.10 p.m. Saturday. (August 17.) Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanling Lawn Bowls:—Division I: Civil Service v. Kowloon Bowling Green, Police v. Craigengower, Kowloon Dock v. Baccaro, Kowloon O.C. v. Taikeo, Division II: Craigengower v. Civil Service, Taikeo v. H.K. Electric, Kowloon Bowling Green v. Yacht Club, Baccaro v. Kowloon C.C. Queen's Theatre: "A Lady of Chance." World Theatre: "Tracked by the Police." Star Theatre: "Odette." Kowloon C.C. Concert, 8.15 p.m. Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m. Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 7.08 a.m. and 10.04 p.m.; Low: 12.22 a.m. and 2.42 p.m. European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Malwa), 10.30 a.m. Sunday. (August 18.) Twelfth Sunday After Trinity. Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanling. Lawn Bowls:—Interdepartmental Competition: Police v. Revenue, Tea Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel, 4.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 7.47 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.; Low: 1.13 a.m. and 3.13 p.m.	
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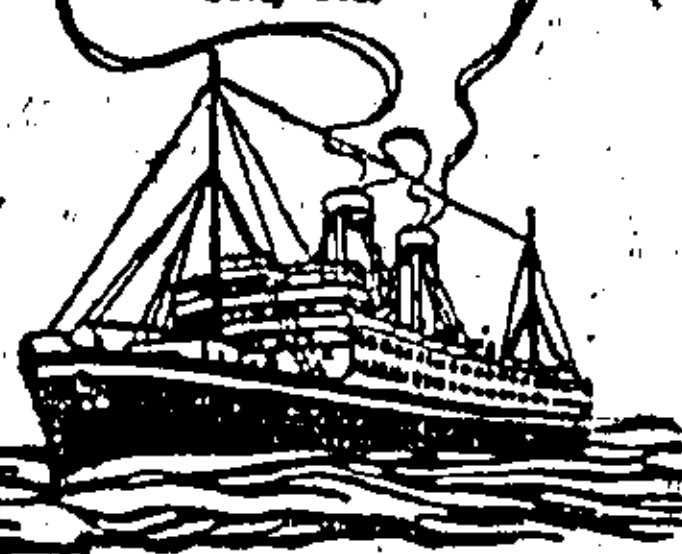
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FULL STORY OF FIRE DISASTER.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Efforts to Save Victims.

To a man the Gillingham firemen, who in private life are plasterers, labourers, and clerks, ran to the burning tower and strove to save the victims.

Time and again Fireman J. W. Langley dashed up the chute and endeavoured to pull people from the tower. He was successful in reaching a man dressed as Charley's Aunt, who was wedged on one of the windows.

Despite the ferocity of the flames Langley remained on the ladder, which was itself burning—until he had pulled the man out of the window and brought him to the ground amid cheers.

Langley is suffering from extensive burns about the hands and face and is receiving medical attention.

A vivid story was told by one of the first firemen on the scene.

"We were quite helpless," he said. The entire structure blew up as though it had been filled with petrol. We rushed our escape to the wall, but within a few minutes the top of it was blazing. We could not get more than half-way up, and then our clothes were on the point of igniting.

"The men and boys in the house were wrapped about in a great sheet of impenetrable flames. The miniature searchlights which had been installed for the fete played on us as we worked. All we could do was to drag clear a few people who managed to get out of the inferno."

His Birthday Suit.

Leslie Neale would have been 14 next Monday.

"As a special favour," his mother said, "I allowed him to put on for the fete a new suit which we were giving him for his birthday. It was with him when he died. I shall have to put away the other little presents we were going to give him. We had promised him that when he was 14 he could join the Sea Scouts. He went last night as an ordinary schoolboy, and I was promised that he would come back safe. I cannot understand how he came to be in the building."

Mr. Henry J. Barrett, a sick bay chief petty officer in the Navy, and the father of Reginald Barrett, whose body had now been identified, stated he had thought his son had gone to the fete just to see the fun, and not to take any part in the fire demonstration.

"My son is a land boy Scout, and I understood that he was going to see the fireworks."

"In past years boys have been invited into the fire demonstration structure in order to slide down the chute when it is set alight. I would certainly never have allowed my son to do that. I hope there will be an inquiry and that the practice will be stopped."

A high official at the Royal Naval Barracks, Chatham, where the cadets came from, said:

"We had no knowledge that the boys were taking part in this spectacle. They had been dismissed some while after they had taken part in the gunnery display and a demonstration of dancing the hornpipe and we were no longer responsible for them."

"Had we known, however, they intended taking part in the fire brigade's display we should never have allowed it without consulting their parents first."

The boys mostly belonged to the Medway sea scouts, or as they are called locally, Naval cadets. They are really not attached to the Navy, though trained and financed by the Gunners School at the Royal Naval Barracks.

Leaps From Roof.

Grim stories of the fire were told by a tall, grey-haired fireman, whose bandaged hands were evidence of the part he played.

"In all my career as fireman, I have never been a spectator of such an awful thing. I was standing by close to the structure when the fire broke out. It was a question of seconds before the whole building was almost destroyed by the hungry flames."

"In the glare of the blaze I saw boys and men leaping from the roof. They fell 40 feet, their clothes blazing and illuminating them as they came. We could do nothing. The building was destroyed in an instant."

"To approach it was to risk death. All that we managed to do was to rush close to the flames and drag away those boys who had jumped. Several of us were burnt in trying to do this. I managed to grab hold of two boys; one was badly burnt and his flaming clothing was in danger of killing him."

"That was how I burnt my hand so badly putting out the flames."

"The other boy I dragged away from the building. He was not unconscious, but although terribly injured did not cry out."

"Diabolic" was the description of the scene given by Mr. Arthur Stewart, of Gillingham.

"I saw several boys spring from the roof, living torches with their clothes alight, and crash to the ground," he said.

"Around the building there was horror and terror, but further away were thousands still laughing. They did not know what had happened. They left the park still laughing, unconscious that death stalked in the ruined building."

FAR EAST IN PARLIAMENT.

BRITISH NEGOTIATIONS WITH CHINA.

In the House of Commons on July 5 Mr. G. Locker-Lampson, who opened a discussion on foreign affairs, wished to know how negotiations were proceeding with China in regard to the disposal of the Boxer Indemnity. Since the Act of 1925 was passed the Chinese had been promised by the British Government that they should have fuller authority over the disposal of this money than they were given under that Act. Had it yet been decided what was going to happen to the accumulated funds and to the funds on which the instalments had not yet been paid? Was legislation going to be introduced to deal with the matter, and, if so, when? These funds amounted to about £12,000,000. The time had come when the Chinese ought to have greater control over the money, but before handing it over to them we should get a definite assurance in regard to the manner in which it was going to be spent, and that it would not be frittered away.

Sir A. Chamberlain said His Majesty's Minister in China had recently been at Shanghai engaged in conversations with representatives of the Nanking Government, and he would be glad if the right hon. gentleman could tell them whether there was any announcement that he could make in regard to those conversations or the progress of negotiations. He assumed that His Majesty's Government would base their policy upon the principles laid down in the British Declaration of December, 1926, and the further document which followed it in January of the next year. If that were so he hoped that between the two sides of the House there would be no difference as to the policy to be pursued in circumstances which were difficult.

The Commercial Treaty.

Mr. A. Henderson, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that no doubt the right hon. gentleman was aware that conversations had been recently conducted by Sir Miles Lampson, His Majesty's Minister at Peking, and the Chinese authorities, such as a commercial treaty between the two countries.

Another question was the rendition of Weihaiwei, the future utilisation of the British share of the Boxer Indemnity, and the question of extra-territoriality. The right hon. gentleman must also be aware of the general lines of the instruction upon which Sir Miles Lampson had been acting, as those instructions were formulated on the authority of the right hon. gentleman before he left office.

With regard to the commercial treaty, the right hon. gentleman would remember that a draft treaty on commerce and navigation was prepared on the usual lines of such treaties. It made allowance for the conditions existing in China. This was recently submitted to the Foreign Secretary of China, Dr. Wang. A reply had been received from the Chinese Government sending a counter-draft to the Government's proposals, and this was handed to Sir Miles Lampson at Nanking. The draft indicated that there was considerable difference of opinion between the British and the Chinese as to what this treaty should contain. At a perusal of the draft Sir Miles Lampson suggested to the Chinese Minister that experts should be appointed by both sides, to meet shortly at Shanghai, in order to discuss the question and see how far common ground between the two parties should be reached; and this proposal made by Sir Miles Lampson on behalf of the Government had been accepted by the Chinese.

Rendition of Weihaiwei.

With regard to the rendition of Weihaiwei, the right hon. gentleman would remember that that was one of the first subjects raised by the Chinese Minister when Sir Miles Lampson reached Shanghai at the end of May. The offer of a lease of the place was made at the Washington Conference in 1922, and a draft agreement was negotiated with the Chinese Government at Peking in 1924. Unfortunately the subsequent civil war made it impossible to implement that proposed agreement. Sir Miles Lampson therefore proposed to Dr. Wang that negotiations should proceed at once on the basis of the 1924 agreement. Dr. Wang, however, put forward a list of modifications and amendments which would require very careful consideration. With regard to the Boxer Indemnity, that had also formed the subject of discussion between Sir Miles Lampson and Dr. Wang. The question was discussed with a view to taking early action on the basis of the report submitted by Lord Buxton's Anglo-Chinese Committee in 1926. The Chinese put forward the suggestion that the indemnity fund should be applied for the rehabilitation and construction of the railways, and that any interest accruing therefrom should be used as an endowment for educational purposes. The question was discussed in detail, and Sir Miles Lampson submitted proposals which were now the subject of consideration.

(Continued on next Column.)

ELECTRICITY OF SHANGHAI.

COUNCIL CONTROL ENDED. SALE TO POWER COMPANY CONSUMMATED.

Shanghai.—The sale of the Shanghai Municipal Electricity Department to the Shanghai Power Co. for £1,000,000, was consummated when Mr. Samuel W. Murphy, representative of the new owners, handed the Shanghai Municipal Council documents closing the deal.

The ceremony took place in the Secretary's office in the Administration Building when Mr. S. W. Murphy signed the agreement, his signature being witnessed by Judge C. S. Franklin. Mr. S. M. Edwards, Council secretary, then signed and sealed the document for the Council.

Those present at the ceremony, which concluded with toasts to the prosperity of the Shanghai Power Company, included Messrs. H. E. Arnold, H. Gordon Wright, A. W. Burkill, G. W. Sheppard, P. W. Massey, K. Fukushima, R. McLay, J. R. Jones and T. H. U. Aldridge.

Letter of Credit.

Mr. Murphy handed the finance department of the Municipal Council with a letter of credit for £1,000,000, the expiration of which is dated June 30, 1930. The letter is drawn on the National City Bank of New York.

In addition to turning over the letter of credit, Mr. Murphy accepted on behalf of his company debentures of the S.M.E.D. totalling £1,000,000. Other payments totalling £1,448,800 will be made over a period of a year or more. The new company also assumed the full indebtedness incurred in the transfer.

The new Shanghai Power Company is a subsidiary of the American & Foreign Power Company with headquarters in the state of Delaware as well as local offices in Shanghai. The decision of the Shanghai Municipal Council to sell the S.M.E.D. was made several months ago when the ratepayers of the Settlement voted in favor of the deal.

According to present plans, the staff, both executive and labour, will remain unchanged. Changes in personnel may be made from time to time, according to Mr. Murphy, but then only when required.

The question of extra-territorial rights was directly discussed between Sir Miles Lampson and the Chinese authorities during his recent visit. The Chinese Government addressed a Note on the subject to the Powers concerned on April 27, when the right hon. gentleman was still in office. That Note had been published in the Press. None of the Governments to whom the Note was addressed had yet replied, but their replies were under consideration and would be forwarded to the Chinese Government in due course.

Mr. Dalton, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, referring to the Boxer Indemnity, said negotiations were proceeding. If they came to a successful issue, he was advised that some legislation would probably be necessary to give effect to their provisions.

DETECTIVES IN NEW YORK.

SUPER-SECRET BODY FORMED.

SCOTLAND YARD METHODS ADOPTED.

New York.—Failure of the New York City Police to make any headway in the solution of the Rothstein, Yale and other recent murders has resulted in the creation of a super-secret body within the detective bureau—the members of which will mingle with gang leaders.

There will be fifty men in this bureau, unknown to each other and to the other members of the Department. The first members of the force will be chosen from the most ambitious young men of the detective bureau. Bright patrolmen and detectives in the regular department will be allowed to transfer to the body of "super-sleuths," if by alertness in bringing in valuable information concerning gang operations they show themselves qualified.

The secret fifty will move about the city, ingratiate themselves with members of the underworld, join the racketeers and, it is hoped by Commissioner Whalen, gradually get an inside track on every criminal in the city and on every outside thug who lights here.

A fund of fifty thousand dollars has already been set aside for the initial work of the select group of fifty men, who will report in secret by the three methods—by mail, by secret telephone lines and by word to another of the body who in turn will transmit the information to headquarters. Commissioner Whalen said that he was determined to wipe out gangs in New York and that he was certain that this startling innovation—modelled upon existing bodies in European capitals—was the way to do it.

Signal to Murder Case.

Some of the methods employed by Scotland Yard will be used by the new bureau, said the Commissioner in announcing his plan, and information gathered by the secret service unit will not be accredited to it in such a way that an outsider could ascertain information on the membership.

The names of the men in the secret service body will be discarded and they will be designated by numbers. They will not wear police shields and will have no authority to make arrests. They will be kept out of investigations of vice and gambling to avoid temptations and graft. The only written record of their reports will be in the hands of their commander, a man who, it is understood, will be an officer with a rank above that of Captain.

The formation of this service by Commissioner Whalen backs up his warning of a few months ago, when in an article written exclusively for the United Press, he said that the Police Department of the City of New York intended to prepare itself in such a way that the gangsters could not survive here.

It is understood that lack of developments of the mystery in the murder of Frank Marlow, boxing promoter, who was lured from a restaurant and taken for a ride and shot to death on the outskirts of Flushing, led to the establishment of the bureau.

RASH AWFUL TO LOOK AT

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Healed by Cuticura.

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"I tried all kinds of remedies but nothing seemed to do any good. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. I purchased more, and in a short time I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Nora Smith, 124, Teignmouth Rd., Bally Oak, Birmingham, Eng.

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GIRLS' CLUB MOVEMENT.

MIXED HOLIDAY CAMPS SUGGESTED.

Mixed camps and the desire of modern girls and boys to spend their holidays together were among the subjects discussed at a conference of the National Council of Girls' Clubs at Newham College, Cambridge, recently.

Miss Florence J. Yele, divisional general secretary of the South and West of England Y.W.C.A., said that, while she felt that boys and girls were increasingly wanting to spend their holidays together, there were too few places to which they could go at a cost within their means. So many working girls and boys had to do without wages if they took a holiday that many more camps were required at which they could be taken at a cost of from 15s. to 18s. She knew that there were many doubts in the minds of people concerning the advisability of having mixed camps, but as the desire grew on the part of boys and girls to spend their holidays together, she felt that such camps should be provided.

Miss Jephcott (Birmingham) spoke of an industrial camp near that city where first of all eight boys asked if their "best girls" could come with them, and this year 40 would attend. The welfare supervisor said that it was working quite satisfactorily.

It was decided to approach national education authorities for accommodation in their buildings for mixed holidays.

At yesterday's meeting Lady Eleanor Keane (chairman of the National Council) said that she was convinced that if the girls' club movement were to go forward they must in a few years time amalgamate with the boys' clubs movement. Boys and girls were taking their holidays and doing everything together in a way they would not have thought of 15 years ago, and she thought the first thing they must do was to combine in camps and holidays.

Mrs. de Beaumont said that the modern trend was towards combining together, which did away with all the old prudery, which she supposed did not make for morality in its time.

Miss King, of Bristol, said that they had run mixed clubs in that city for some years and they were a great success.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS	WAYGOOD-OTIS LIFTS	GARDNER ENGINES
HOPE'S STEEL WINDOWS	DODWELL & CO., LD QUEEN'S BUILDING TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1030	SANITARY AND HEATING ENGINEERING
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HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Mistress: "I am Cornish by birth."
New maid: "Yer don't say so! I always thought they was caused by tight shoes."

"What have you got for dinner?"
"Roast beef fricasseed chicken stewed lamb hash baked and fried potatoes pudding milk ice-cream and cake."
"Bring me the third, fourth, sixth, eighth and nineteenth syllables."

A negro minister was describing the miseries and the persistence of the Prodigal Son.

"Dis young man got to thinkin' 'bout his meanness an' his misery an' he tuk off his 'at an' frowed it away. Den he tuk off his coat and frowed dat away. Den he tuk off his vest an' frowed dat away. Den he tuk off his shirt an' frowed dat away, too. An' den, at last, he come to hisself!"

They tell this tale of a South Coast golfing resort frequently visited by an evening mist off the Channel.

One of the keenest golfers in the place was an elderly fellow, who always wore a red jacket such as was fashionable about 1880. One day he was observed to have shed this sartorial relic, and someone asked him why.

"Well," he answered, "last night, as I was standing waiting at the bus terminus, a woman came up and tried to post a letter in my mouth."

The juryman had retired to consider their verdict. When they re-entered the court, the judge asked the foreman if they had arrived at a unanimous decision.

"No, my lord," he replied. "We have not. I never met eleven such obstinate men in my life."

"I would like an increase in salary, sir; I'm going to be married."

"And you would like to have a little bigger fund to draw on for household expenses?"

"No, it isn't that. My future wife knows exactly how much I get. I should like a little extra for my own use that she doesn't know about."

A salesman sold an elderly negro farmer a tractor. Some time after the machine was delivered the salesman called on his customer for pay.

"Can you pay me for the tractor, Uncle Jim?" he asked.

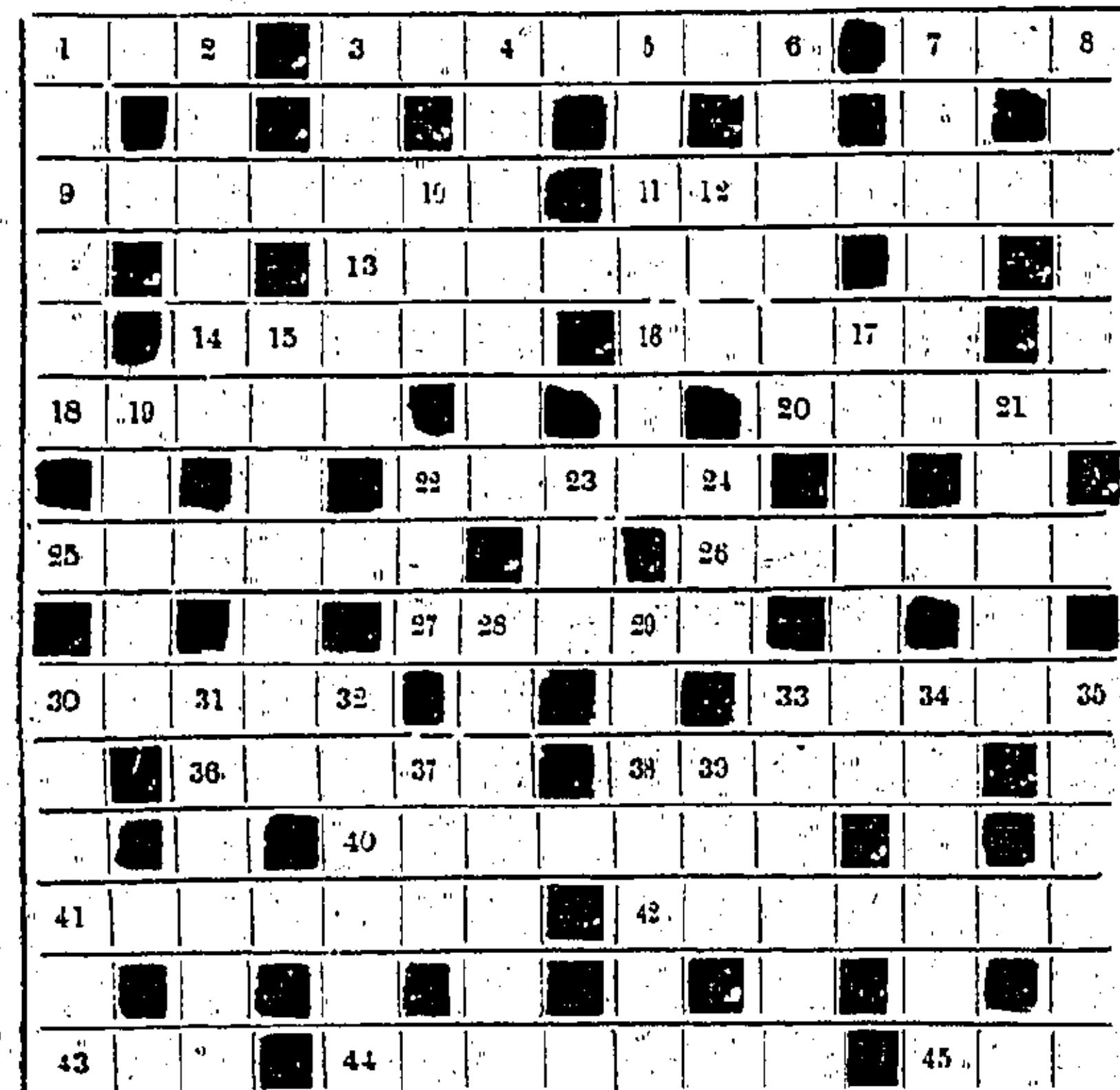
"Pay fo' de tractor?" he asked in astonishment. "Why, man, yo' done tole me dat in free weeks de tractor would pay fo' hisself."

A special preacher, about to ascend the pulpit in a country church, was asked if he would like any particular hymn to be sung to agree with his sermon.

"No, no," he replied. "As a matter of fact, I hardly ever know what I am going to say until I arrive in the pulpit."

"Oh, well, in that case," said the vicar, "we had better have the hymn 'for those at sea.'"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Across.

- 1.—Half a British admiral.
- 3.—Might justly be described as a speed merchant.
- 7.—Behold a Biblical hunter or curtail Biblical king.
- 8.—You are a this of these clues.
- 11.—An animal which perhaps is as dishonest as its name suggests.
- 13.—We all hope it will keep fine on his day.
- 14.—The surname of a woman novelist who died this year.
- 16.—A fish-eating animal.
- 18.—One of Queen Elizabeth's favourites.
- 20.—Not rough and more than a vegetable.
- 22.—A gentlewoman of medieval days.
- 25.—You do this to yourself each morning.
- 28.—A few people really live in this.
- 27.—When two meet, then is the tug of war.
- 30.—Coupled with ways but not with roads.
- 33.—Is worn out with use and ends in a ceremony.
- 35.—Never do this with someone else's function.
- 38.—We don't expect this in June.
- 40.—A Labour peer.
- 41.—Not out yet out and out.
- 42.—You should always treat your elders with this.
- 43.—Who must be obeyed.
- 44.—Becomes.
- 45.—A French island will make this easy.

Down.

- 1.—An ancient god and a tree make violence.
- 2.—This is usually described as vile.
- 3.—The Saxons settled in and gave a name to this country.
- 4.—One of our nearest relatives.
- 5.—A fish both peaty and tasty.
- 6.—These are what happen.
- 7.—Swift was our greatest writer of this.
- 8.—You do this after catching the fish.
- 10.—An animal which sounds like you.
- 12.—Don't do this to your wicket.
- 15.—Germans but not Hung.
- 17.—The old druggists specialised in these.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

DOCTOR ORDAIN
F ROAR IRIS P
A N THIP OVID ME
C O B NOR MAP BAN
A SIA NOVEL LOIN
D E R B Y PAN PIANO
E D B O P T H A N D N
A K I N D I S C
A T H E N S S T O P S
U S U A L M U D E L I T E
T E R M D O N O R N E A R
H E N R O T R A T R U M
O N M O V E A N O N T O
R S O M E G R O B N
R O B E R T K E N N E L

SNAPSHOTS OF A WOMAN CHASING A MOTH

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

DUTCH WOMEN CHAMPIONS WIN AT ILFORD.

A fine display was given at Valentine's Park open-air pool, Ilford, by the Dutch women champions, Miss Marie Braun, Miss Marie Baron, and Miss Jeanne Grendel, when they made their first appearance of the English tour. Owing to the illness of Miss Joyce Cooper, the national champion, the relay race between Holland and England had to be scratched and individual events substituted.

Miss Phyllis Harding (Croydon Ladies) was beaten by Miss Grandet over 100 yards back-stroke by 5secs. in 1min. 15.3-secs. The race between Miss Marjorie Hinton (South Manchester) and Miss Baron over 100 yards breast-stroke was also won by Holland. Miss Hinton, who swam at the Olympic Games, was fourteen only last month.

Miss Marie Braun, who is the Olympic back-stroke champion and European free-style champion gave two exhibition swims, in crawl and back-stroke. Her time for the 100 yards crawl was 72secs.

E. W. Pascoe (Plaistow United) did well in the Essex quarter-mile championship, winning easily in 5mins. 49.3-secs.

WILLIE SMITH AGAIN.

Willie Smith won his return time-limit billiards match with Fred Lindrum by 1,693 at Melbourne, the final scores being: Smith, 23,374; Lindrum (rec. 10,000), 24,681. Smith's (Continued on next Column.)

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

Washington.—The tennis singles championship of the United States Army was won for the third time in four years by Major Robert C. Van Vliet, Infantry of the Canal Zone, when he defeated Lieut. John W. Strahan, Reserve Corps, New York, at the Columbia Country Club here. Winning three sets to one, 6-3, 6-3, 3-6, 6-4, Major Van Vliet won another leg on the Sheridan Cup. Lieut. Strahan held the cup in 1927. Major Van Vliet was the faster player, outclassing the New Yorker in most of the volleying duels. He frequently went up to return Strahan's smart placements, while the latter played from the back court generally. Venturing up to the net during the second set, Strahan scored a couple of well-earned points on overhead drives, one of which broke his racket, forcing him to use a substitute with which he was not familiar. Protracted rallies were few but one in the last set stood out when Strahan came back after Van Vliet needed only one point to clinch the match. This comeback gave Strahan the nine game and brought him within one game of tying the set, but in attempting a placement in the succeeding game, Strahan drove outside for the point, ending the match.

best breaks were 456 and 309, while Lindrum made 33, 220, 252, 217, and 101 (unfinished). Smith's winning margin in the first match was 2,231.

ARNE BORG PRAISES JAPANESE.

After a nine-months' tour of the world, Arne Borg, famous speed swimmer from Sweden, stopping at the Illinois Athletic Club, Chicago, recently, declared that within five years Japan will set the pace for the world not only in swimming, but in track and field athletics. Enthusiasm of the Japanese for athletic activity of all types, their cleverness in mastering technique and their remarkable advance shown in the standards of their performances in the last five years, led Mr. Borg to make this prediction.

The famous swimmer left Sweden last September and went to Japan through Russia. At one meet in Japan Borg appeared before 38,000 people, by far the largest crowd that he ever saw or heard of at an aquatic carnival anywhere. "The Japanese are simply wild about swimming," declared Borg.

Borg spent two months in Japan and then went to Shanghai, where he gave an exhibition. Then followed similar trips to Manila, Singapore, Dutch India, Australia, New Zealand, Fiji Islands and Hawaii. He spent two months on the Pacific coast, visiting Los Angeles and San Francisco.

In Australia Borg won five championships. He captured the 100, 220, 440 and 880-yard free style titles and also the one-mile. In the latter event he clipped 30 seconds from the world's record, with a time at 21 mins. 5secs.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

WHEN CHILDREN ARE DIFFICULT.

Many parents, who see the wisdom of allowing a small child as much freedom as possible in order that he may develop his own individuality, feel, none the less, the need of exercising some sort of control over him, for they realize the danger of his growing up without any idea of self-discipline and self-control.

Unfortunately, in their attempts to control the child, too many parents allow their feelings to get the better of them, and matters are usually made worse.

It can be taken as a safe rule that parents should never attempt to control a young child while they are under the influence of strong feeling.

The best way of controlling the feelings is to "think out" the behaviour that has provoked them. This dissipates the feelings and, by restoring the parent to reasonable frame of mind, helps him to recover his self-control.

Take the case of a small child who uses "naughty words." Think it out. To the mother it is simply dreadful. What is it to the child?

Nothing at all. Calm reason says, ignore the child and he will probably stop using the words. If he does not, then some such phrase as "Mother doesn't like those words, dear," may work wonders, and if she can direct his attention to his favourite nursery book by saying: "Mother likes these words," she has controlled him in the right way.



THE PIN-MONEY TYPIST.

Few girls are less loved than the girl who works, not for her living, but to amuse herself and incidentally have a little money to spend on chocolates, clothes, or on whatever she does spend her money.

She arrives late, takes a long luncheon hour, and leaves early, all as if it were a matter of supreme indifference to her whether or not she retained her post, and rather as if she were conferring a favour on the office and its inmates by coming there at all.

She is naturally able to dress much more smartly than the girl who has to pay for her board and lodging, and her companions would be more than human if they did not rather resent her being taken for the secretary or head girl, since she apparently earns the largest salary in the office, whereas she works less than the others.

There is, however, no law against the employment of the "pin-money" typist, and in any case it would only be an interference with personal freedom if there were.

There are, of course, exceptions, and many of the young women who work in offices while not really requiring to do so are quite as serious and interested in their business as those who work that they may live. It might be argued that they are even keener on their work or they wouldn't be there. With the advance (Continued on Previous Column.)

A THRILLING ROMANCE OF THE UNDERWORLD

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NORMA SHEARER,

LOWELL SHERMAN AND GWEN LEE

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WARNER BROS. PRODUCTION

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WORLD

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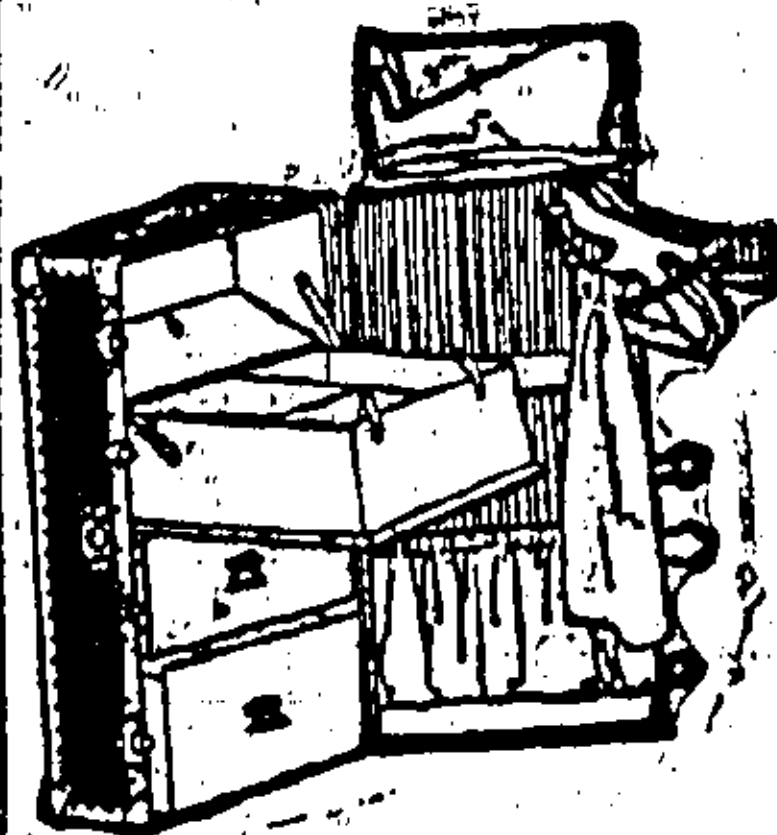
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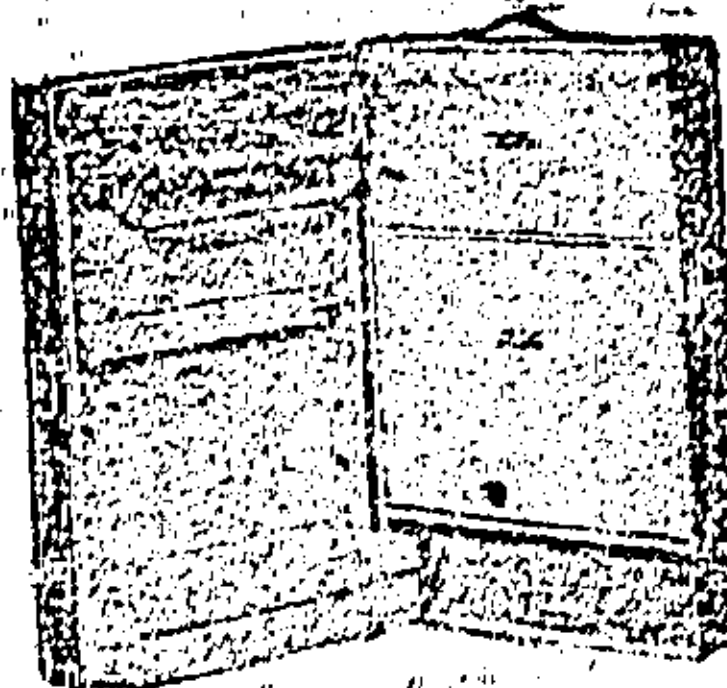
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CHIEF JUSTICE WARNS WITNESS.

DOCTOR'S SON IN WILL CASE.

FORGERY ALLEGATIONS STRONGLY DENIED.

WHY PLAINTIFF RUSHED TO HONG KONG.

Hung Sai Chuen, a son of the late Dr. Hung Kwai Cheong, the plaintiff in the action concerning the dispute will of his father, was censured by the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) during the resumed hearing of the case in the Supreme Court yesterday.

His Lordship told him to be more careful about lying and that he would be sent to prison if he did it again.

The plaintiff claims that a will dated February 22 this year is the true one and asks for probate to be granted. The defendants in the action are Hung Li Shi, concubine of the testator, and two sons of the late Dr. Hung Kwai Cheong, Hung Sai Kat and Hung Sai Man. They deny the plaintiff's claim and require him to prove the will, declaring that the signature purported to be affixed is a forgery.

Asked by Mr. Sheldon if he was the most eminent of the sons, witness replied that he had some knowledge of medicine. About four days after his arrival in Honam, as a medical man, he expected his father would live for about a week.

An Amicable Man.

Asked whether the statement in the will that Hung Sai Chuen had been amicable to all his relatives and friends was true, witness replied in the affirmative and said he had always been perfectly friendly with Sai Kat, Sai Fook and Sai Man. Mr. Sheldon quoted a further passage from the will referring to the sons which read: "If any of them be eccentric in character or shallow in medical knowledge he shall not be allowed to manage any of my places of business."

Mr. Sheldon: The sole person to be the judge of eccentricity of character or shallowness of medical knowledge of any of the sons or nephews was to be yourself?—It means that anyone who has only a slight knowledge should not practice as a medical man.

I put it to you that that will gives you absolute and complete power over all your father's businesses in this part of the world?—It means so.

Complete power to remove any of your brothers and if you like to put in strangers to manage the shops?—No.

Your proposed that the profits from all the shops should be sent to you for distribution to the beneficiaries?—Yes, that they should be distributed fairly by me.

A Firm Signature.

Mr. Sheldon suggested that the signature was a remarkably firm one for a man who died eighteen hours after it was written and who had been sinking for some days. Witness replied that although his father was ill his spirit was not bad.

Asked whether it would be a remarkably firm signature for a man of 76 even if he were in perfect health, witness said his father had had no previous illness and could write well.

Mr. Sheldon: I put it to you that the signature is not that of your father and that it is a forgery?

—It is a genuine signature and not a forgery.

I put it to you that you know all about that forged signature being affixed to that document?—No, I say it is not a forgery. My father wrote it himself.

Witness was told by the Chief Justice to be more careful in his answers. Witness stated that he had not seen the witnesses to the will from the time of the funeral up to a few days ago. Later, he said he met them at Court when certain documents were signed.

He also stated that he had only seen them at a house in Clarence Terrace and at the Law Courts. When counsel pointed out that the witnesses had signed a document stating that they were residing temporarily at 330, Queen's Road Central, witness admitted that the two men stayed at his house. They only remained for about a day, however, saying the house was too hot. If any of the relatives said they had never seen the witnesses to the will that would be an untruth, he added.

After the Death.

Witness went on to say that Hung Tang Fong signed the affirmation of death as he was present when the father passed away. Witness did not agree with counsel's suggestion that Hung Tang Fong did not arrive until after the old man had died.

Shortly before the close of the morning's sitting His Lordship cautioned plaintiff twice. On one occasion His Lordship told the interpreter to tell plaintiff to be careful about lying; otherwise, he would be sent to prison. On another occasion, His Lordship remarked:—"He says one thing one moment and another the next. Tell him to be careful before he answers."

Plaintiff stated that he arrived in Hong Kong on Saturday, March 8, and went to see Messrs. Russ & Co. about obtaining probate on the same day.

Mr. Sheldon pointed out that the papers were prepared very quickly as they were filed on the following Tuesday, together with a certified translation of the will. Mr. Sheldon described this as "fire brigade" speed, but Mr. Jenkin pointed out that it would only take about two hours to prepare the necessary papers.

Plaintiff denied that the reason for his leaving his father's house before the period of mourning was over was because he came "hot-foot" to Hong Kong to get his will proved while all the others were mourning at the house. He said he came to Hong Kong to see how his business was getting on.

The case was adjourned until this morning.

CHINA AND THE PLAIN MAN.

A SUGGESTION FOR
EFFECTING UNIFICATION.

The following editorial article appeared in the London Times on July 5:—

China is a sore trial to the good citizen who feels that it is part of his business to give some attention to international affairs. Just as he is getting to know who is who and what is happening there, generals change sides and fighting disconcertingly stops. Sometimes, to make it all the more difficult, no one is squared and no one changes sides, and yet fighting ceases; a general who has apparently nothing between him and an overwhelming victory turns round and takes his troops home. The plain man is bewildered. He cannot understand the motives of the leaders; he cannot even remember their names. There were three whose names he did learn to recognize because they had a proper appreciation of the value of publicity as an aid to a career and labelled themselves with titles that stuck in the memory like advertising slogans—Chang, Tso Lin, the "Mukden War Lord," Yen, the "Model Tschun of Shan-si," and Feng, the "Christian General," were the friends of us all. But these men are no longer helpful. The "War Lord" had an unhappy accident with a bomb some time ago; no one has been able to estimate the exact importance of the model qualities of the warrior from Shan-si; and Feng has been behaving with such un-Christian hostility that he only makes the whole riddle of China more baffling than ever. Yen has digestive trouble that often becomes acute at critical moments, and Feng has a craze for meditation in Buddhist temples that sometimes drives him into retirement just when one might expect a battle. When Feng and Yen should have been fighting they exchanged complimentary telegrams and talked of taking a trip together to some quiet spot abroad. Now Feng is on his way to seek tranquillity in foreign lands without his "little brother"—though no one can be quite sure that he will not change his mind before the final palaver with Chiang Kai Shek at Peking is over and start some new manoeuvre at home. Can the plain man be blamed if he is discouraged? These two heroes merely confuse him now, and they are the only ones whose names he knows. What hope has he of following the doings of men like Yu Chok Tak, or Li Ming Shu, or Lu Chung Lin, who will not modify their fantastic names with mnemonic tags?

To many a Western mind there seems much to be said for the suggestion that the Chinese should give up fighting and try some more promising method of attaining the unity they desire. For some reason killing does not seem to make them a united people; might they not find themselves drawn closer together if they decided to let words—which they can use with grace and much subtlety—solve their riddle for them? In other days they were much given to riddles. The poor but ambitious young man often won the succession to a kingdom with a princess thrown in—by finding the correct solution to some riddle that had become an intolerable burden on the mind of the local monarch. It seems a pity, when the whole of China is groaning under the burden of the unsolved problem of unity, that a hint cannot be taken from the effective guessing competitions of the past. The warring generals could be invited to throw aside their arms and come together from every quarter of the land to meet in a battle of wits. China would enjoy the greatest tourney the world has ever seen. The ceremonial and the pageantry, the colour and the movement would be magnificent beyond the dreams of poets. There would be music, too, to stimulate the candidates and stir the whole concourse to a frenzy of hope as each leader approached the judges; to express the general angry derision as each in turn failed, and the manly thoughts of the unsuccessful as they were seized by the executioners. For failure would, of course, mean death. The composer would have to be carefully chosen. The Slav temperament is, perhaps, sufficiently Oriental to make M. Stravinsky the right man. Herr Oscar Strauss has just shown us, in his collaboration with M. Sacha Guitry in *Mariette*, how music can help the historian to recreate the past. M. Stravinsky would be able to induce history in the making. This way of seeking peace would better suit the notorious subtlety of the Chinese mind than the crude system of war. It would have another and a greater advantage. Each competitor would certainly fail to guess the riddle and would die. At last there would be only one leader left, and, by the rules, in default of an outright victory, the survivor would be acclaimed the winner. The unity of China would thus be achieved. But the suggestions of plain men rarely commend themselves to generals and politicians.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HONG KONG AND
AVIATION.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—In reply to Mr. Vaughan-Fowler, might I explain that the only idea in mind in submitting the article on Aviation in Canada and comparing with local efforts was that of stimulating those who although interested, have not as yet got into line with that gentleman's splendid efforts to put aviation on its feet in the Colony. Certainly no reflection was intended upon the excellent work that has been accomplished by Mr. Vaughan-Fowler.

In regard to the apparent apathy of British manufacturers; as a Canadian, and consequently a Britisher, I read of this with regret, and published same in my article with the vague hope that it might catch the eye of a local British representative such as Mr. Vaughan-Fowler, who, in turn, might pass same to his firm for their personal.—Yours, etc.

R. A. COOPER.

Hong Kong, August 14.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

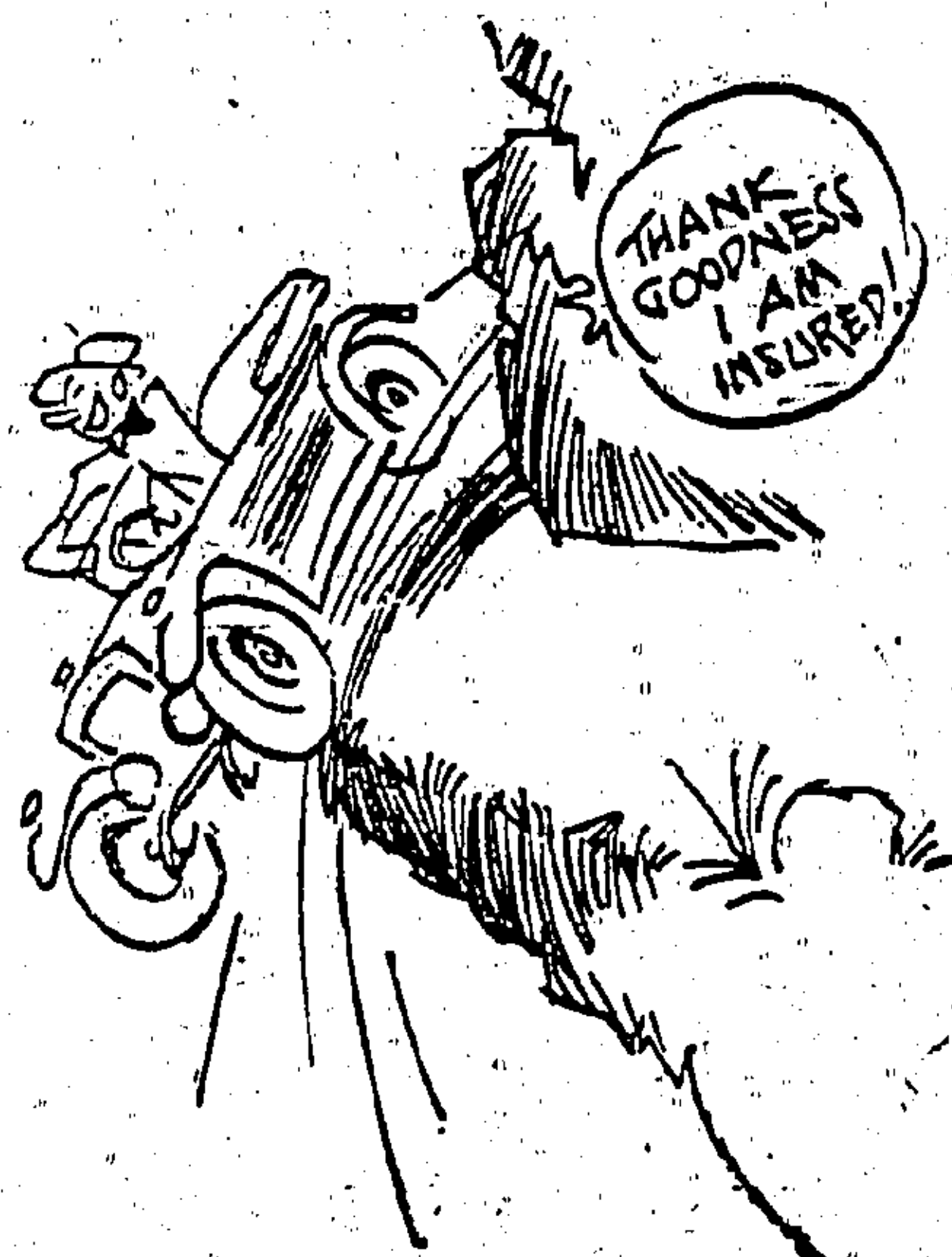
[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—In view of the item published in your issue yesterday regarding Mrs. Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science; kindly allow me to publish the following quotation, it being especially important and timely. In 1921, the Rev. Dr. Lyman Pierson Powell, of New York City, an author, lecturer, and former president of Hobart College, contributed an article on our textbook to the Cambridge History of American Literature. He wrote as follows:—"Christian Science as it is to-day is really its founder's creation. Where she got this idea, or where that, little matters. As a whole the system described in Science and Health is hers, and nothing that can ever happen will make it less than hers."—Yours, etc.

WILLIAM H. ADLER

(Christian Science Committee on Publication for Hong Kong).

Hong Kong, August 14.



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**AMSTEL
BEER**

AGENTS—
H. RUTTONJEE & SON.
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

SCHOOL TEACHER ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

WHEN THIEF STEALS HIS CLOTHES.

Shanghai.—Even a ricksha coolie earns more than some public school teachers in China. Yang Cheu Lin, a school teacher of Tientsin, received the meagre sum of \$10 per month which was far from being adequate to keep his body and soul together despite the reputed low standard of living of the Chinese.

Yang left his job two months ago and came to Shanghai to see a friend who had promised to get a \$30 clerical job for him. Upon his arrival here he found that his friend had left town.

He decided to wait for the friend's return in a lodging-house in the Settlement. As weeks passed by without any sign of the coming of the expected help, the little fund

in Yang's possession soon dwindled. For the last few days he was unable to pay his hotel bills, every article of value having been pawned. The lodging-house keeper threatened to evict him.

Despondent Yang went to The Bund at night to brood over his difficulty. Presently he fell asleep. When he awoke he found that his only robe had been stolen from him. This added misfortune was too much for him. He decided to end his life by jumping into the Whang-poo.

However he was rescued by the police. When his pathetic story was told, the police authorities handed him over to a Chinese benevolent association to be sent back to Tientsin.

**KWANGSI LEADERS
TO BE ARRESTED.****NEW ORDER FROM
NANKING.****CANTON'S BUDGET
ECONOMIES.**

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Aug. 14. The Canton authorities have received a cable from Nanking ordering the arrest of Wong Shiu Hung and Pai Chung Hsi, the former Kwangsi leaders. The Central Government edict states, among other things, that Wong Shiu Hung is a dangerous reactionary and must be brought to book and punished.

Beginning from this month the Provincial Government of Kwangtung is sending no more money to Fukien and Kwangsi for military expenses. Mr. Fan Ki Mo, Commissioner of Finance, said that the military budget of Kwangtung has been reduced to \$2,500,000 a month and no money can be spared. Up to now Kwangtung has been expending well over \$3,500,000 a month on her army and navy, and on account of "numerous obstacles," the local military leaders have not been able to put the proposed economies into operation, and the military expenses for this month remain the same as before. The Provincial Treasurer declares that in future the military expenses of these two provinces, Fukien and Kwangsi, will have to be paid by the Central Government. Owing to the abolition of several taxes, the revenues of the Kwangtung Provincial Government have of late been considerably reduced.

ANTI-SOVIET PROPAGANDA.

Anti-Soviet propaganda is still going on in Canton under the direction of the Anti-Soviet Publicity Committee which has its headquarters in the Provincial Kuomintang building. Everything is being done to keep the people informed as to the march of events in Manchuria. Handbills and pamphlets are distributed, lectures are given in the Central Park, and the streets are placarded with anti-Soviet slogans.

**SLOGANS VERSUS
SUPERSTITION!**

The Committee for the Amelioration of Customs and Manners is preparing to stage a big demonstration against all forms of superstition. Circulars are being sent to the merchant guilds, labour unions and other public organizations, asking for their co-operation. It is not known if these organizations will enter to help along this movement for the sudden uprooting of time-honoured customs and beliefs. But the Committee is going ahead with its plans. Banners bearing "anti-superstitious" slogans, cartoons depicting the folly of religious beliefs, and other devices suitable to the occasion are to be carried through the street by the Ameliorators.

The Committee is also taking steps to stop the people using the old lunar calendar. From the beginning of the next year only the solar calendar shall be used, according to the Committee.

THE WATER SUPPLY.**GAIN OF 104 M.G. LAST
WEEK.****FIGURES FOR HONG KONG.**

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, August 12, amounted to 1,356.64 million gallons showing an increase of 104.78 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams being 142.77 million gallons.

The week's consumption amounted to 38.27 million gallons which includes 28 million gallons from the Tai Koo Reservoir Supply.

The main supply has meant an increase of nearly a million gallons a day. For the week ending July 29, when there was a twelve hours' stoppage in the supply the consumption was 31.5 million gallons.

KOWLOON WATER SUPPLY.

The total storage in the main-land reservoirs on the morning of Monday, August 12, amounted to 442.38 million gallons showing an increase of 3.78 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption amounted to 23.23 million gallons. The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week is 21.17 million gallons.

**BATHING FATALITY
AT SHUM SHUI PO.****RECOMMENDATIONS OF
INQUEST JURY.**

The enquiry into the circumstances of the drowning of a Chinese schoolboy, in a quarry pool near Shum Shui Po, was concluded at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith sat as Coroner assisted by a jury comprising of Messrs. Austin, Silkestone and Atkins.

At the previous hearing the Jury returned a verdict of "death by misadventure" but asked for an adjournment to visit the scene of the fatality before adding any rider to their verdict.

The Coroner and Jury visited the scene yesterday and on returning, evidence was given by Mr. A. C. Burford of the P.W.D. regarding the conditions of the permit given by the P.W.D. to the contractor for the use of the quarry. He said that the contractor had to fill in any holes at the order of the P.W.D.

The Hole Now Fenced In.

Mr. H. P. Lim, the contractor who was using the quarry at the time of the fatality told His Worship that he had been given permission to use the quarry on July 23, 1929. The quarry was in the same condition now as when he first took it over. The lease was granted by the P.W.D. and he had nothing to do with any former holder of the contract. He had never received any order from the P.W.D. to fill in the hole, but was only told not to cut below the road level. The fence now around the hole had been put there since the accident at the suggestion of the police. It was left to the discretion of the foreman as to what part of the quarry was cut.

School Teacher Exonerated.

The Coroner "addressing the Jury, extended sympathy to the father on the death of his son, but pointed out that he did not think that the school teacher mentioned in the case was to blame. The father had criticised the school teacher because the latter had allowed the boy to leave school early, which allowed the boy to go to swim before returning home. His Worship thought that the responsibility of the school teacher ended when the boy left the school.

The Jury retired and on returning added the following riders to their verdict:—(a) That the school teacher was in no way responsible for the sad death of the boy. (b) That the holder of the quarry permit, prior to the present permittee, should have been instructed on the expiration of his lease to fill in the hole to road level. (c) That the responsible authorities should enforce proper precautions to ensure public safety.

**EIGHT FARMERS SWINDLED
BY CLANSMAN.****A HEARTLESS TRICK.**

Eight Chinese were before the Marine Magistrate for boarding the s.s. Empress of Russia, without permission. One of the defendants told His Worship that a clansman had promised to fix passages on payment of \$250 each, which money was handed over to him. They boarded the vessel a few minutes before sailing.

Mr. A. J. Holland, Port Captain of the C.P.R., told His Worship that the defendants were found amongst the steerage passengers a few minutes before the ship was due to leave. He did not like to press the charge but would like to make sure that nothing of this nature would happen again. He would try his best to get hold of the man who had swindled them of their money.

His Worship registered a conviction but imposed a caution. He observed that the defendants seemed to be honest farmers and that they had boarded the ship in good faith.

S.S. TIN YAT.

After several months at Shum Shui Po, following her seizure by the Canton Authorities during the recent trouble, arrangements are under way to run the s.s. Tin Yat between here and Canton. The vessel's name will be changed to the s.s. Tung Shan, and she will fly the British flag. Mr. W. J. Colloff, R.N.R., has relinquished his command of the s.s. On Lee to take over this ship. Mr. Fairfax, formerly of the s.s. Kwong Fook Chong, will also join the Tung Shan as Chief Officer. She is to be operated by the Tin Sze s.s. Company, her former owners being the Fook On S.S. Co.

**WIN A DIAMOND
RING!****SEQUEL TO LOCAL SHOPS'
LOTTERIES.****WELL-KNOWN FIRMS
SUMMONED.**

Recently two well-known Chinese firms, the Lai Wah Company and The Chosen Company offered coupons to their patrons for purchases exceeding two dollars. The Lai Wah Company offered a diamond ring and a motor car to holders of winning coupons when 40,000 such coupons had been issued. There were also a number of smaller prizes. The Chosen Company ran their coupon system on similar lines but advertised that they were only issuing 20,000 coupons.

The offers were perfectly genuine and above board, but they were contrary to the local Gaming Ordinance and both firms were therefore summoned before Mr. T. M. Hazlerigg yesterday.

Mr. M. K. Lo, who appeared for these firms, submitted that his clients had no idea that they were infringing the law and pointed out that everything was done openly. As soon as the Police told them of the impropriety of their action, they had stopped the system at once.

Mr. Lo went on to say that both firms were willing to compensate the public and stated that the Lai Wah Company were willing to pay 38 cents on each coupon issued so far and the Chosen Company were willing to grant a reduction of ten per cent to any purchaser who might produce a coupon.

Mr. Murphy on behalf of the police stated that the schemes were not objectionable but he could not withdraw the summonses. He also asked if the Police could have the numbers of the coupons already issued.

Mr. Lo promised that he would do all he could to assist the Police and His Worship accordingly registered a conviction and cautioned both firms.

**KOWLOON RESIDENTS'
ASSOCIATION.****MATTERS FOR GOVERNMENT
ATTENTION.****POLICE, PLAYGROUND,
CASTLE PEAK ROAD, &c.**

The meeting of the General Committee of the Kowloon Residents' Association was held on Monday evening in the St. Andrew's Church Hall, Mr. O. M. Manners, O.B.E. (President) being in the chair.

A letter asked the opinion of the committee on a proposal to institute an International Club for Girls in Kowloon.

It was decided that the matter required further consideration and it was put back for further reference.

Encroachment on Footpaths.

A letter from a resident of Torres Buildings with regard to danger to children and pedestrians caused by encroachment on footpaths by building contractors was laid before the meeting.

It was stated that representations to the Police had resulted in the particular obstruction referred to being removed, but in view of the prevalence of this practice on the part of contractors it was decided to request the P.W.D. to ensure that adequate footpath accommodation should be reserved in future, and that matcheds or hoardings erected in connection with building operations should not be permitted to render a corner "blind" for traffic.

Photographs of rocks overhanging Castle Peak Road in an apparently dangerous manner were produced.

It was decided to draw the attention of the D.P.W. to the rocks referred to, and to stress the necessity for their removal before a serious accident takes place.

Middle Road Playground.

The Government's reply to a query from the Association regarding the "lay out" of the Middle Road Playground, wherein it was stated that the question of this playground had been referred to the Playing Ground Committee, was discussed.

The opinion was expressed that the Middle Road Playground was outside the terms of reference of the Playing Ground Committee, inasmuch as sanction had already been given by Government for the work and the necessary funds voted.

It was decided therefore to expedite work on this playground, the need for which was growing more apparent every day.

Detectors Needed.

After a debate on the large number of latrines from dwelling houses in Kowloon, particularly Kowloon Tong, it was decided to ascertain from the C.S.P. whether the strength of the Police Force in Kowloon could be increased, more particularly as regards plain clothes men.

It was also decided to enquire whether a substation could be instituted at Kowloon Tong.

The New Territories.

The proposals of the New Territories Agricultural Committee in connection with this year's show having been before the Committee periodically, the question of a donation of the funds was discussed.

A sum of \$300 was unanimously voted, in view of the development of market gardening in the Peninsula as a result of the work of the Agricultural Committee and its steps towards securing an independent supply of food stuffs should any emergency prohibit their importation.

**FATAL FIGHT IN
CROSS STREET.****QUARREL OVER TWENTY
CENTS.****STORY OF PRISONER'S
ARREST.**

The Magisterial proceedings commenced yesterday against Yeung Kwai Tin, who is charged with murder of a Chinese coolie at Cross Street on July 25 last.

Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy, Assistant Attorney-General, prosecuted, and the prisoner was undefended.

Outlining the case, Mr. Fitzroy said that the defendant stabbed the deceased in his breast with a sharp instrument on July 25 at 4.30 p.m. At that time the deceased was having a meal in one of the many stalls in Cross Street.

After stabbing the deceased the defendant walked on until he came to Wanchai Road, where he was lost among the crowd circulating round the hawkers' stalls. The streets were fairly well thronged at the time and it was an easy matter for defendant to disappear.

The deceased, after he had been stabbed, walked down Tai Yuen Street and reached the Praya East where he collapsed on the road. A man from one of the houses close by saw him drop and applied first aid but could not do anything.

Mr. Fitzroy went on to say that the prosecution had four or five witnesses who actually saw the blow struck. The deceased was a banisher from Singapore and should not have been in Hong Kong at all. The two men apparently had a quarrel some days before and the evidence would show that there had been a fight a few days before the fatal quarrel.

So far as the Crown could find out, said Mr. Fitzroy, the deceased owed the defendant twenty cents and at the time of the stabbing the defendant is alleged to have made use of the expression "If you can afford to buy congee you can pay what you owe!"

After the affair, the defendant went back to his lodgings and after putting on his sandals and a bamboo hat, he went out again.

The Police combed out the district and came across a man who had seen the defendant near Cross Street that afternoon, wearing a black pair of trousers and coat. The witnesses for the Crown could give details of the clothing which the man who stabbed the deceased wore.

The defendant was arrested near the General Post Office on the information of a man who had earlier in the day seen him in Cross Street.

When charged, the defendant is alleged to have made a statement to the effect that he was struck first and that he hit back with a knife.

Giving evidence, Dr. A. Cannon said that a post-mortem examination on the deceased revealed an external wound between the third and fourth rib. The wound measured half an inch wide but it proceeded downward and inward to a depth of two inches. By means of a probe the doctor found that the wound was actually 5.7/16 inches deep. He was of the opinion that the wound was caused by what is generally known as a neck opener.

The hearing was adjourned.

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His Worship imposed a fine of \$30.

ROUND THE COURTS.**OPIUM IN K.-C. RAILWAY
ENGINE.**

The case against an engine driver and two firemen of the Kowloon-Canton Railway who were charged with possession of and dealing in opium, was concluded before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. A. E. Hall on behalf of the engine driver, pleaded guilty of possession, but denied the charge of dealing in opium. Mr. F. H. Loseby who represented the two stokers pleaded not guilty. Mr. B. C. E. Hawkins, of the Imports and Exports Office, who prosecuted, withdrew the second charge against the first defendant.

Revenue Officer Tallon said that he searched the coaches of the Canton express on its arrival at Kowloon Station on August 8. When he came to the engine he saw the driver throw two packets in the furnace. One fell on the floor and a struggle ensued between him and the driver for possession of the packet. Another man boarded the engine during the struggle and threw the packet into the furnace. One packet was retrieved and was found to contain opium.

Mr. Loseby submitted that the packets thrown into the furnace might have been anything. There was no direct evidence that the packet which the third defendant threw into the furnace contained opium.

His Worship fined the driver \$480 or two months' hard labour, and discharged the other two defendants.

STEALING TOOLS.

A Chinese carriage cleaner, of the K.C.R., was also before the Kowloon Magistrate for stealing a cold chisel and a steel wedge. He was convicted and sentenced to 14 days' hard labour.

Mr. J. Smith, of the K.C.R., told His Worship that the defendant had a good job and was a fool to steal at his age (51). It was the first conviction that had been secured for stealing tools from the Railway.

**"THE STREET MUST BE KEPT
SAFE FOR WOMEN."**

A Chinese who was convicted of snatching a handbag from a Chinese lady in Connaught Road Central, told Mr. T. M. Hazlerigg at the Central Magistracy that he was amongst a crowd and saw the lady's handbag fall to the ground. He picked it up with the intention of returning it to the owner. Unfortunately, he was accused of stealing it so he ran away.

Magistrate: Why did you run away?

Defendant: It was natural that I should attempt to escape from such a predicament.

In sentencing the defendant to one year's hard labour and 24 strokes of the birch, His Worship said that the streets of Hong Kong must be kept safe for women. Men who came before him (Mr. Hazlerigg) for bag snatching would be severely dealt with.

STREET FIGHTING.

When two Chinese were brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy for fighting, His Worship remarked that he had been very lenient with these cases and that it was time to tighten up. He cautioned one offender and fined the other \$100 or three days' imprisonment.

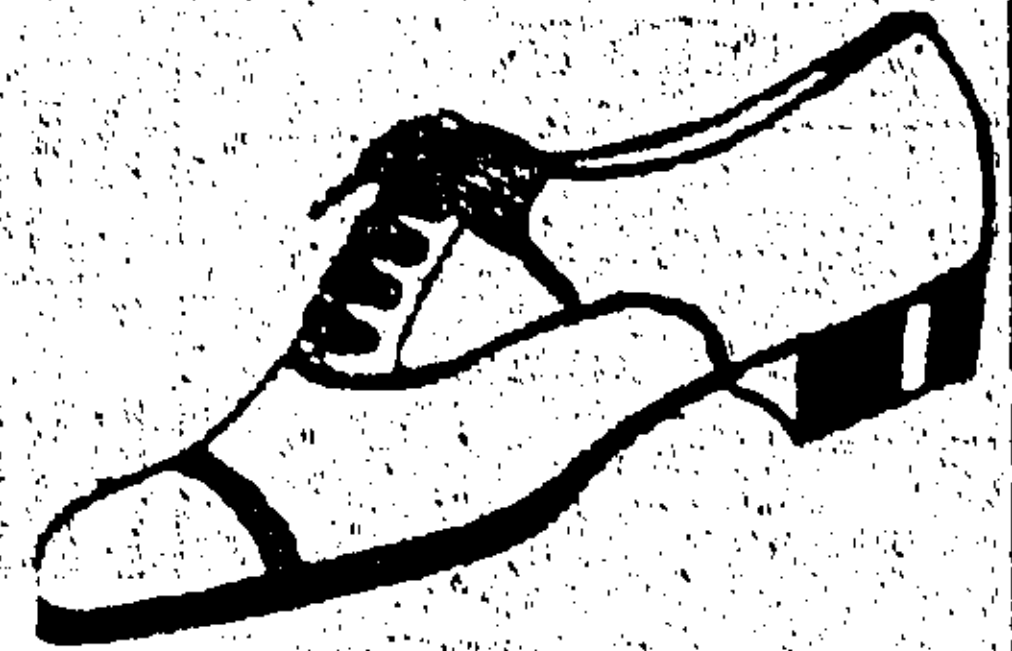
**MASTER OF LOK SUN
FINED.**

Captain H. R. Edmondson, master of the stranded s.s. Lok Sun was before Commander G. F. Hole at the Marine Court yesterday morning for carrying to sea on July 13th, a member of the crew (a substitute of the Second Officer) without entering into an agreement with him.

Pleading guilty, defendant said that he was busy at the time and the matter slipped his memory. His Worship imposed a fine of \$30.

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"BECTIVE" " \$23.50 " " " " \$20.15

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are made from Superior Scotch Leathers. Made one less fitting round the ankle than the fore part, gives a very snug fit.

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PIANO-REFLEX
TONE ARM

NEW COLUMBIA No. 9 SOUND BOX
IN OAK --- \$110 --- IN MAHOGANY --- \$125
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ICE CREAM FREEZER**

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 19th DAY of AUGUST, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Mong Kok Trail, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Lot No. 220B	Between Prince Edward Road and Tung Choi Street and Yau Yuen St.	As per sale plan.	About 9,750	112	21,353

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No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
2	Lot No. 221C	Between Prince Edward Road and Tung Choi Street and Yau Yuen St.	As per sale plan.	About 2,057	236	41,134

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No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
3	Lot No. 221D	Wong Nei Chung.	As per sale plan.	About 1,980	12	7,230

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No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
4	Lot No. 221E	North of Kowloon Road, between Prince Edward Road and Tung Choi Street and Yau Yuen St.	As per sale plan.	About 12,851	24	6,455

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HONG KONG HANSARD REPORTS OF THE MEETINGS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session 1928.

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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 3.15 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest in the Pacific to the east of Japan. Depressions are situated over the lower Yangtze Valley and Tongking.

Local Forecast:—S.W. winds, moderate to fresh, cloudy, showery.

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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, AUGUST 15, 1929.

CHINA'S FOREIGN GUESTS.

WITHIN a few days the full text should be available of the replies given by the various interested Powers to the Chinese Note of April last, again expressing a desire for immediate abolition of extra-territorial rights. There is reason to believe the Powers have intimated that, while fully realising and sympathising with Chinese desires, administrative conditions in the country do not yet warrant the surrender of existing privileges.

Pending publication of the Notes recently presented at Nanking it is worth while noting the views recently expressed by the Chinese Minister at Washington on the subject of extra-territoriality.

"The United States Government in the past has based its rejection of our suggestions largely on the absence of a complete Chinese Code of Civil Law," Dr. Wu said. "But where," he asked, "is the civil law of the United States to be found in the form of a Code such as we are asked to produce? There is no such thing in America. The laws of this nation are scattered among Federal law and the Statutes of the 48 States of the Union. An Ohio lawyer called upon to represent a client in the Courts of New York, for example, finds it necessary either to associate himself with a member of the New York Bar or familiarise himself with the New York laws applicable to the case in hand. The latter may be in many respects different from the Ohio Statutes under which he is accustomed to practice."

The Chinese Minister went on to say that if a Chinese citizen, or for that matter, an American, sets out to motor from Washington to New York, he passes through the jurisdiction of State and municipal traffic laws of four States and the District of Columbia, to say nothing of many cities and small towns. There is no coded traffic law to tell him when he is violating the statutes or ordinances of the communities through which he must pass. Dr. Wu continued: "As a matter of fact, Chinese criminal law has already been codified, and our civil law, which is for obvious reasons even more important to Chinese citizens and foreign guests in China, has been in process of codification for 25 years. Under the National Government it is expected the Civil Code will be promulgated not later than January 1, 1930. Promulgation of the Code will, I believe, remove the last practical objection foreign nations may bring reasonably against relinquishment of extra-territorial privileges."

The report of the STRAW Commission in 1928 recommended among other things, that "the administration of justice with respect to the civilian population in China must be entrusted to a judiciary which shall effectively be protected against any unwarranted interference by the executive or other branches of the Government, whether civil or military." "The Chinese National Government," Dr. Wu continued, in commenting on this part of the STRAW report, "has never officially recognised the report of that Commission, but it is leaving nothing undone to ensure to its people the benefits of a fair and impartial

system of jurisprudence and Courts which will administer the law with justice to all. It may be well noted that the Civil Code to be promulgated is designed to serve first the interests of the Chinese people. But, being suitable for them, it is to be assumed, I hope, it will be suitable for our foreign guests also, and adequate to protect the enterprises in which they are engaged within our borders. I believe it is not unreasonable to expect those few foreigners who come to us as guests to accept the application to themselves of laws which an enlightened Chinese Government provides for its own millions of citizens. The man who builds a home naturally is concerned for the comfort of such guests as he may entertain in it, but for obvious reasons it is built primarily for himself and his family who are to occupy it constantly. Is it impolite or unreasonable," the Chinese Minister asked, "to suggest that the guest who finds the home of his host unsatisfactory is not obliged to remain there, and that if he elects to remain, he has no right to order alterations in his host's home?"

How far the opinions of Dr. Wu reflect the views of the Nanking Government we do not know. Presumably they coincide, but if so it is evident there is still a very wide gap between Chinese and foreign ideas about extra-territoriality. The Minister's manner of referring to foreigners in China as guests who, if they do not like conditions as they find them, need not stay in the country is scarcely in keeping with customary standards of Chinese politeness. Dr. Wu has introduced into the discussion of this vexed question a somewhat petulant tone which is not calculated to make negotiations any "easier." Nor is it altogether accurate to describe foreigners resident in China as "guests." They are in the country—most of them—not to spend a pleasant holiday but for the purposes of commerce, to buy Chinese produce, and to sell foreign merchandise to Chinese purchasers. China benefits very considerably by these commercial activities carried on by foreigners residing in the country, and—presumably—wishes this flow of business to continue and to expand. Nowhere has it been suggested that China's new legal Codes should not be designed primarily to serve the interests of the Chinese people. Nobody suggests that "the man who builds a home" should consider the comfort and convenience of possible guests before the requirements of his own family. Dr. Wu, of course, knows that no foreign Power has ever put forward such a suggestion to China, or would have the slightest hope of sustaining such a demand even if it were submitted.

Negotiations for treaty revision to be successful must be undertaken in a friendly spirit by both sides, for the very essence of the discussion is conciliation. The main task to be done in China—as it was in Japan—is to reconcile the natural desire of foreign Governments to secure such guarantees in regard to the administration of justice as will safeguard their surrender of extra-territorial privileges, with the equally natural desire of China to recover the right of jurisdiction over foreigners residing and carrying on business in her territories. Even if the Civil Code is promulgated in January next, as expected by Dr. Wu, it does not necessarily follow in China—that promulgation of a law is equivalent to its general observance and enforcement. Great Britain surrendered the right of consular jurisdiction in Japan on condition that all the new legal Codes were in operation before the revised treaty came into effect. It was also provided that the new treaty should not come into effect until five years from the date of signature. Japan's foreign "guests" were not at all pleased with the changed conditions following the abolition of extra-territoriality, and even to-day—thirty years since foreigners came under Japanese jurisdiction—their opinion of the Criminal and Civil Codes is not a very high one. But as Dr. Wu so bluntly puts it, if they do not like the conditions, they need not stay in the country. We believe Dr. WANG will not be quite so crude when he comes to comment upon the replies of the Powers to the Chinese Note. Naturally, he will not be pleased at the unfavourable reception given to China's request, but he may be more tactful than the undiplomatic diplomat in Washington.

News and Views.

One case of small-pox and one of enteric, both Chinese, were reported on Tuesday.

Mr. W. G. Grimes of the Wellington Barracks Canteen reports to the police that his rooms in Murray Barracks were entered and a gold watch and at \$23 in cash were stolen. The thief then went the Canteen at Wellington Barracks and stole \$83 in cash from the safe with the keys taken from his room.

Chau Kau, who was sentenced to death on July 4, at the Supreme Court for the murder of two sampan girls in the harbour paid the supreme penalty yesterday. The usual inquiry was held in the afternoon before Mr. T. M. Hazellrigg and a verdict of "Death by judicial hanging" was returned. Deceased was 21 years of age.

According to the vernacular press a group of Canton "sportsmen" have introduced the ancient pastime of dog fighting. A type of bull dog is used for these events and they are carefully trained by their owners. A good deal of money is wagered on the encounters, which, like cockfighting in England, have to be carried on secretly as they are against the law.

A Popular Consul Leaving.

A large circle of friends, and the German community in particular will unite in wishing Herr Gipperich, the German Consul to Hong Kong the best of good fortune in his new appointment as German Consul at Tainan. Herr Gipperich leaves on Friday by the Burgeland for Shanghai, after being in this Colony for about a year. He has had, however, a long experience of the Far East having previously served at the Peking, Tientsin, Harbin and Tsinan German consulates. Herr Hahn, who takes Herr Gipperich's place arrived in Hong Kong a few days ago.

Pacific Shipping.

The U.S. Matson Line's invasion of Asiatic waters, following the recent activity of the C.P.R. will make shipping competition on the Pacific keener than ever, says the *Oakland Afloat*, and the break-up of the Pacific Conference is now feared. The Matson Line has been operating passenger boats between Honolulu and San Francisco. In view of the promising future of the San Francisco-Hawaii-Manila-Australia Line, it has decided to allocate three 10,000-ton vessels to the service from September next. Not only Japanese shipping companies, but other American companies, will be affected by this competition. The Dollar Line has decided to construct two 25,000-ton vessels for the Pacific service, in addition to the immediate allocation of three 10,000-ton vessels. The C.P.R. will also build two 28,000-ton ships for the Pacific run.

H.K.V.D.C. Parade Ground.

The band of the 2nd Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers, under the baton of Mr. W. H. Fitz-Earle, A.R.C.M., will provide the major part of the programme to be given at the concert, arranged for to-morrow evening of the Volunteer Parade Ground. Other items will be given by the Volunteer Corps Band under Mr. A. J. M. Rodgers, the Aloha Serenaders and Lieut. and Mrs. D. M. Richards. The two last named will render numbers from well-known operas. The concert is to start at 8.15 p.m. Last year, it will be remembered, a series of similar open air concerts proved very popular, and we are sure music lovers will turn up in large numbers on Friday evening.

French Admiral's Official Landing.

A large number of spectators were present yesterday morning when Rear-Admiral Monget, Commander-in-Chief of the French Far Eastern Squadron made his formal landing at Victoria Pier from his flagship the Waldeck Rousseau. A guard of honour was provided by the 2nd Battalion, K.O.S.B., Capt. M. McClellan being in command and the band of the same regiment was also in attendance. The distinguished visitor landed and a salute fired by the Kowloon Battery. Admiral Monget was received by Capt. F. G. Sillitoe, representing H.E. the Governor and Col. W. D. S. Brownrigg, representing the G.O.C. Major-General J. W. Sandilands, Mon. G. Dufauré de la Prade, the French Consul was also present and a number of other naval and military officers. After inspecting the guard of honour, Admiral Monget drove, with Capt. Sillitoe and Col. Brownrigg to Government House and later to Headquarters House to visit General Sandilands. Later in the morning H.E. the Governor made a return visit to the French flagship.

Mr. and Mrs. David Bonaparte Haumea, Hawaiians, are the proud parents of a 10½ pound baby boy—their 19th child. Fourteen of the children are living. Haumea, a retired policeman living in Honolulu, is 59 years of age.

Replying to a question in the Greek Chamber, M. Venizelos, the Prime Minister, stated that the Government was ready to introduce a Bill on the re-opening of the Chamber granting votes to women in the municipal elections subsequent to those of August 4, but it did not consider that the time was ripe for granting the Parliamentary vote to women.

When the bell in the Spotsylvania County Courthouse steeple rings for the September term of court, it will end the one hundred and first year of its service. Made by "Revere, Boston, 1829," it was donated to the city, by Silas Wood, who wrote, "I married a Fredericksburg girl and took away one 'belle,' so I am offering you another." The bell was taken from the old courthouse and placed in the present structure in 1857.

The will of Lotta Crabtree, a famous American actress of a generation ago, admitted to probate at San Francisco, recently disposed of an estate valued at more than \$3,000,000. Disabled American veterans of the World War and their families will benefit from a \$2,000,000 trust fund, which is to continue for 40 years. The will also created a \$100,000 fund for destitute actors and a similar amount for prisoners discharged from San Quentin and Folsom prisons in California.

Mr. Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, remarked during a debate in the House of Commons recently that Mr. Churchill said he was a Free-trader who believed in Safeguarding. "Well," said Mr. Snowden, "I am not able to sort out the difference between him and a Protectionist. And that reminds me of the man who was engaged to one of twin sisters who were so much alike that nobody could tell the difference between the two. Somebody asked him how he managed to sort them out, and he replied, 'I never try.'"

The Commonwealth liner, Hobson's Bay, of 13,840 tons, recently got out of control of Thames Haven when her steering gear jammed. The great vessel swung round and headed straight for the shore. The anchor was dropped to check her speed, but the chain broke and the anchor was lost. The liner smashed a mooring buoy, damaged Spur Jetty, and wrecked some other jetties. Just before she touched ground she was got under control; and later continued her voyage to Australia, apparently undamaged. Damage to the jetties is estimated at £20,000.

War on Beetles.

Thousands of rose-beetle parasites have arrived in Hawaii in a shipment from Kobe, Japan, to war on the rose-beetle. The Hawaii Sugar Planters Association imported the parasite, a small fly known as the yellow tachinid. It lays its eggs in the bodies of rose-beetles. The eggs hatch and the maggots, which later develop into flies, literally devour this rose-beetle's vitals. The parasites received were in the form of larvae in the bodies of several thousands of beetles. The parasites were sent to Honolulu by R. H. Van Zuelenburg, entomologist, who was in Kobe several weeks. The rose-beetle parasites are only one of the many species of parasites which have been taken to the islands by entomologists of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters. Among other beneficial insects are rice-borer parasites and a species of mosquito that devours other mosquitoes.

Pacific Relations Institute.

Dr. Z. T. Yui, Chairman of the Institute of Pacific Relations in China, has become the new Chairman of the Pacific Council, international governing body of the Institute. Dr. Yui automatically rose to his new post with the resignation of Mr. Junnosuke Inoue, head of the Japan Institute group and Chairman of the Pacific Council, who retired when he was called to the post of Finance Minister in the new Japanese Cabinet. Dr. Yui previously was vice-chairman of the Pacific body. Dr. Yui is the third person to hold the chairmanship this year. Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, former President of Stanford University, resigned from the post when he was selected by President Hoover as Secretary of the Interior. Dr. Yui succeeded by Mr. Inoue. Dr. Yui will remain at the head of the Pacific Council until new action is taken by the Council when it meets at Nara, Japan, next October, previous to the Kyoto conference.

Governor Lawrence M. Judd of Hawaii is now "His Excellency." Department heads of the Territorial Government have been instructed by the Attorney General's Office, "at the request of the Governor," as to the proper style of address:—"His Excellency, Lawrence M. Judd, Governor of Hawaii." Heretofore the Governor of Hawaii has been addressed by the "same honorific ascribed to the President of the United States, the simple word, 'Sir.'"

Grave concern was expressed at the meeting in Melbourne last month of the Royal Agricultural Society at the increasing use of artificial silk and synthetic wool. Senator Guthrie estimated that the world's consumption of artificial silk and similar substances equalled the entire Australian output of greasy wool. The meeting passed a resolution in favour of a campaign against the use of artificial substances. Mr. Bruce, the Commonwealth Prime Minister, in commenting upon this resolution, offered the society the services of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.

An eleven-year-old Bristol girl pianist, Ivey Dickson, had the satisfaction at a music festival of hearing a noted composer say that her rendering of one of his works revealed that she knew just what he meant the piece to convey. Mr. Felix Swinstead was judging the class of piano-players under twelve and, contrasting his own composition with the "Bach" March, with which it was bracketed, Mr. Swinstead remarked that Ivey appeared to be equally at home with both. Youth also gave a good account of itself before Mr. Frederick Dawson, who had nearly a score of duet-playing couples under fifteen years of age to hear. He awarded silver medals to Misses D. and B. Folliott, of Southampton, and observed that they gave a purely pianistic performance, flowing and free.

Golf in Hawaii.

Hawaii is making plans to entertain some leading golfers next fall at the Hawaiian Open Golf Tournament. A \$5,000 purse awaits the winner of the title, which will be the second open title ever awarded in Hawaii. The tournament will take place on November 13, 16, and 17, which is scheduled so that golfers engaging in forthcoming tours on the mainland of the United States can find opportunity to visit Honolulu. A number of leading stars are expected to participate in an effort to capture the title held by "Wild Bill" Melhorn, of New York. Among the stars who participated last year were Tommy Armour, Al Espinosa, Cyril Walker, Johnny Golden, Frank Walsh, Horton Smith, Henry Cuci, Ed. Dudley, Glen Dutra, Fred Morrison and Willie Hunter. Several of these are expected this year, with others from the mainland who have heard of the events of last year when the "open" was inaugurated. The tournament will be played again this year on the Waialae Course.

Looking Back 25 Years.

Patrick Moore, a sailor, was charged with failing to return to the house of detention. Mr. Kemp: What have you got to say? Defendant: I don't like to go back to that place; it is too much like a gaol. Mr. Kemp: One month's hard labour. Defendant: Aye, aye, Sir.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, Aug. 15, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

As an illustration of the contents of the little red handbills which may so often be seen stuck on the blank walls of various places about the Colony, we append below a rough translation of one taken last evening from the wall of the Central School, near Gough Street steps:—"He who offers this reward is a named Chang, and lives in Tai-pingshan on the upper floor of No. 38, East Street. (He) has a purchased slave named Tai Ho, 13 years of age. (Her) body is rather stunted and small; (her) face is somewhat full and round. Her body is dressed in a *mai tong* (cloth jacket). Below (she has) black cloth trousers; in her ears had silver rings. On her persons she had also other things. On the 15th day of this month at 2 o'clock she went out and has not yet been seen to come back. If there is in either of the four quarters any worthy man who knows where she is gone to and will send a letter to her, she will be rewarded with four full weight dollars, and the person detaining the slave will be rewarded with fifteen full weight dollars. (To get) this (one has) to be invited to come to the Chung Tai Chandler's shop (which will) pay out the reward. (This is) firm (and) the words will not be eaten. This plan is genuine. Kwong Shu, 5th year, 6th moon, 26th day. And upside down are the words." Search for Tai Ho (from Mr.) Chang's house. A respectful notice!—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, Aug. 15, 1879.

ANOTHER CLASH ON THE BORDER.

RUSSIAN MACHINE GUNS IN ACTION.

NEGOTIATIONS "OFF."

(Ifah Taz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.

The Russian troops again used machine guns against the Chinese at Manchuli on Monday morning. The Chinese returned the fire and there were casualties on both sides.

Later, Mr. Tei Yui Sheng, the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, asked the Russian delegate M. Melnikov for an explanation of the provocative action of the Russian troops, but no answer was given. The position at the frontier is very critical.

It is stated by the Russian authorities that if no decision is arrived at by the Sino-Russian negotiators before August 15, the Soviet Government will dispatch Russian gunboats to Harbin.

Chiang Kai Shek Worried.

It is rumoured in Nanking that in view of the development of the Sino-Russian situation, Chiang Kai Shek has decided to visit Peking again in the immediate future to interview Chang Hsueh Liang and Yen Hsi Shao.

He has already wired to them asking them to proceed to Peking to meet him there.

China to Protest.

In view of the repeated "provocative actions" of the Russian troops, the Ministry for Foreign Affairs has instructed the Chinese Minister at Berlin to lodge a strong protest with the Soviet Government, through Germany.

Parley Hopes Fading.

It is reported that Mr. Chu Shao Yang has left Manchuli for Harbin and will come to Nanking before proceeding to Finland to take up his post as Chinese Minister to that country.

It would thus appear that little hope is entertained of further negotiations with Russia.

RAID BY SOVIET CAVALRY.

VILLAGERS DROWNED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Tokyo, Aug. 14.

A communique issued at Manchuli states that thirty Soviet cavalrymen crossed the River Amur at Aigun on Sunday and attacked and looted the village of Jarainor, five of the inhabitants of which were thrown into the river and drowned.

Sixty Soviet employees of the Chinese Eastern Railway colliery at Jarainor were arrested on Monday for flooding the mines following the general strike.

Delegate Leaves Manchuli.

NANKING, Aug. 14.

Mr. Chu Shao Yang, the National Government's representative at the Manchuli conference, wires that he is en route to Nanking to submit a report. This strengthens the belief that the reports of a possible early resumption of the Sino-Russian Conference are entirely without foundation.

General Chang Hsueh Liang's Nanking representative states that he has no confirmation of the alleged fighting on the Sino-Russian border, though he admits that minor skirmishes may have taken place.

With the return of Marshal Chiang Kai Shek yesterday morning and the probable arrival to-day of Mr. T. V. Soong and Mr. Tai Chi Tao, an important conference will be held by the National Government leaders in regard to the Sino-Russian situation.

SHANGHAI SILK WORKERS ON STRIKE.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.

About 6,500 silk fabric workers have gone on strike, following a dispute concerning their hours of work.

Mr. T. V. Soong left for Nanking last night.

STAFF OFFICERS KILLED.

MILITARY PLANE CRASH IN JAPAN.

GENERAL'S ESCAPE.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Tokyo, Aug. 14.

Six officers were killed and one seriously hurt when a new bomber, which was taking a party of officers of the General Staff on an air inspection, crashed from a height of 200 metres shortly after hopping off from Tachikawa aerodrome, near Tokyo.

The dead include Major-General Tsunetsubo Ogawa, Chief of the Operations Bureau; Colonel Fujikawa, Chief of the Operations Section; and Major Abe, Chief of the Aircraft Section.

A second machine which took off at the same time contained General Suzuki, Chief of the General Staff, and other high military officials, but it continued its flight without mishap.

Tragic Irony.

General Suzuki, Chief of General Staff, whose machine took off from Tachikawa a few minutes before the ill-fated bomber crashed, has arrived at Kagamigahara, near Hamamatsu. He was horrified to learn of the disaster which had befallen his brother officers.

Owing to clouds, he did not witness the fatal plunge, and was therefore quite unaware till his arrival at Kagamigahara of what had happened.

Although he intended to attend the special anti-aircraft manoeuvres which are now being held in the neighbourhood of Hamamatsu, General Suzuki immediately entrusted for Tokyo.

LATER.

Major Fukuyama, a staff officer, who was seriously injured, has died, bringing the death toll to eight, as the body of a non-commissioned officer was also found amongst the wreckage.

THE EXTRALITY QUESTION.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

NANKING, Aug. 13.

It is understood that the Foreign Relations Committee of the National Government will shortly discuss the policy to be pursued by the Government concerning the Powers' replies to China's Note asking for the abolition of extraterritoriality.

EXKWANGSI LEADER "WANTED."

SAID TO BE IN HONG KONG.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.

Messages from Nanking say that the State Council has ordered the arrest of Hwang Shao Hsiung, ex-leader of the Kwangsi Clique, who was last reported to be taking refuge in Hong Kong.

The arrest of Wen Shu Teh, ex-Admiral of the Cantonese Navy under Chen Chiung Ming, has also been ordered.

SHANGHAI-NANKING AIR SERVICE.

(Wah Taz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.

The aviation transportation service between Nanking and Shanghai began on Monday.

The aeroplane started from Nanking at 7 o'clock in the morning and arrived at Shanghai at 8.45. It flew back to Nanking at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. There was one passenger and 22 packages of mail.

ISLANDS MADE TO ORDER!

FLOATING AIRPORTS IN ATLANTIC.

WORK NOW IN HAND.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

New York, Aug. 14.

Plans for the construction of the first of a series of Transatlantic airports were announced to-day by Mr. Joseph MacDonald, a naval architect. He says the Roebbling Company is already working on huge anchorage cables and the Sun Shipbuilding Company will soon start work on the underwater sections.

The parts will be assembled in Delaware Bay, and when made up will be anchored in the ocean off Cape May. Other airports will be anchored between the United States, the Bermudas, the Azores and Europe.

M. Louis Bleriot says he is co-operating with a United States engineer to construct floating islands in the Atlantic for refueling and repairing aeroplanes. One is already on the point of completion.

M. POINCARÉ RETURNS HOME.

IN EXCELLENT SPIRITS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Paris, Aug. 14.

M. Poincaré returned to-day to his residence, from the nursing home. He will now await his second operation, one month hence. He is said to be in excellent spirits.

DIPLOMATIC CHANGES.

APPOINTMENT TO SOFIA.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

London, Aug. 13.

H.M. the King has approved the appointment of Mr. Sydney Philip Waterlow, lately Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Addis Ababa, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Sofia.

(Mr. Waterlow has been Minister in Addis Ababa since last year, and the post is now being filled by Sir Sidney Barton, former Consul-General in Shanghai. Mr. Waterlow entered the diplomatic service in 1900 and in the following year he was posted to Washington. After four years, he resigned, and in 1919 he was temporarily employed at the Peace Conference in Paris. He re-entered the Foreign Office in 1920, was Director of the Overseas Trade Department from 1922 to 1924, Counsellor at the Foreign Office from 1924 to 1926, and Minister at Bangkok from 1926 to 1928.)

NEW YORK POLICE LAXITY.

SEVERE CRITICISM.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

New York, Aug. 13.

The death is announced, at the age of 47, of Joseph Warren, ex-Police Commissioner whom Mayor Walker compelled to resign last December in consequence of public indignation over the gangster outrages.

The record of his successor, Grover Whalen, is being severely criticised by the *New York Telegram*, which to-day publishes the results of a survey of his regime during the six months ending June. According to this survey, of 148 murders committed, only 44 arrests were made.

ALL GOES WELL AT THE HAGUE.

DEADLOCK FEARS PROVE GROUNDLESS.

MR. CHURCHILL SUPPORTS THE CHANCELLOR.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

The Hague, Aug. 14.

The Financial Commission met for 14 hours this morning, then adjourned until August 17. It was stated afterwards that everything is going on smoothly.

It is learned that Mr. Snowden stated towards the end of the sitting: "If we adjourn without publishing an explanation, the public will think that it is a deadlock. We are anxious to remove such an impression, and I hope the conversations, which are to be continued, will be fruitful, and that on August 17 we shall be able to get down to the real question."

Mr. Churchill's Bouquet.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.

Mr. Churchill started his Canadian holiday by addressing 1,400 people, including Federal and Provincial Ministers, at the Canadian Club here.

He cordially supported Mr. Snowden's view stand at The Hague, saying that he (Mr. Churchill), when Chancellor, made it clear to M. Poincaré, who agreed, that the Spa percentage should be made the basis of Reparations payments under the Young Plan; also that Britain should be free to review the various solutions proposed.

American Criticism.

New York, Aug. 13.

The Americans are more interested in the progress of events at the Hague Reparations Conference than in any other international conference since the Naval Disarmament Parley at Geneva in 1927.

All the leading newspapers publish daily two or three columns of despatches from The Hague, and the American correspondents almost unanimously accuse Mr. Snowden of ruining the Plan initiated by Mr. Owen D. Young, the American lawyer-economist.

The newspapers continue to criticise Mr. Snowden. The *New York Times* declares that his "arrogant" tone has imperilled other British policies and will undoubtedly make Anglo-American naval negotiations far more difficult and dubious.

The *World*, however, sympathises with Mr. Snowden's attitude and says that he has bluntly expressed a national feeling. The journal anticipates a new orientation of British policy away from France.

The *New York Evening Post*, while declaring that Mr. Snowden has made the first real threat against peace since 1914, eulogises the gallantry with which Great Britain has been carrying her post-war burden.

THE KING'S HEALTH.

MAY LEAVE SANDRINGHAM SHORTLY.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

Rugby, Aug. 13.

The present warm and sunny days are materially assisting towards a complete return to normal health of the King, who has enjoyed a little walking exercise and rest in the grounds of Buckingham Palace.

No definite arrangements have yet been made for the royal visit to Sandringham but, with His Majesty's present progress, it is hoped the journey will not be long delayed.

PRINCE RETURNS FROM LE TOUQUET.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

Rugby, Aug. 13.

The Prince of Wales returned from Berck aerodrome to London this afternoon. He had an escort of honour of five French military aeroplanes.

The Prince has been spending the week-end with friends at a villa at Le Touquet where he went on a brief golfing holiday.

HIGH COST OF RUM RUNNING.

AMERICA'S REQUEST TO CANADA.

A STINGING RETORT.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

WILLIAMSTOWN, Aug. 14.

A round-table conference has commenced here on the question of liquor smuggling from Canada to the United States.

Professor Corbett, Dean of the Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montreal, declared that Canada had no great sympathy for rum-runners. Referring to the requests from the United States that Canada cease issuing clearance papers to rum-runners, Prof. Corbett said, "The Canadian Government has pointed out that really effective enforcement of any ordinance would involve an expenditure greater than the Canadian Government or the people are prepared to make to enforce the law of a very rich neighbour, at a time when Canada herself is still paying a heavy war debt."

RUSSIAN FLIGHT FAILS.

"LAND OF THE SOVIETS" DOWN.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Moscow, Aug. 13.

The "Land of the Soviets" which set out yesterday on the first stage of a flight to New York via Alaska, failed to arrive at Chita.

It is learned that the machine, which is piloted by M. Shostakov, made a forced landing in remote country, practically uninhabited, approximately 170 miles from Irkutsk.

FRANCE'S NEW YORK HOME.

65-STORY BUILDING.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

New York, Aug. 13.

The French Government proposes to erect a \$50,000,000 65-story building in a fashionable mid-town district to house its Consulate and other agencies devoted to the propaganda of French interests.

It will include an hotel, containing 1,300 rooms, and there will also be exhibition rooms and two large banks.

RADIO IN SOUTH AMERICA.

FIXING WAVE LENGTHS.

New York—International action to distribute radio broadcasting wave bands in South America is urgent, if radio listeners in that continent are not to suffer the trials already experienced in Europe and the United States, according to Mr. O. H. Caldwell, former radio commissioner.

Only after years of "interference" by stations other than those they wanted to hear, have Europeans and North Americans finally legislated and arranged by treaty to keep stations from operating on the same wave-lengths and thus ruining each other's programmes, Caldwell pointed out.

"The continents where the wave-lengths are not yet full therefore have a great advantage in this respect," he said.

"In such quarters of the earth, a systematic scientific plan can now be scheduled in advance, and future broadcasting station construction shaped so as to bring to all the people of such continents the maximum of radio service, and to each home, however humble or remote, the choice of clear, unspoiled radio programmes."—*United Press.*

EXHAUSTED AMERICANS.

FOUR CAUSES SUGGESTED.

Portland, Ore.—American "peps" is being replaced by exhaustion, the American Medical Association convention held here was told by Dr. C. W. Dowden of Louisville, Ky.

About 20 per cent. of patients appearing for treatment in the last two years have been simply exhausted with no actual disease, the report said. Four principal causes were suggested: influenza and its after effects; the World War and its mental reactions; bad alcohol, drunk by both sexes; and saturation of the atmosphere by carbon monoxide gas, due to the national habit of using automobiles.—*United Press.*

COTTON EMPLOYERS MEET.

GOVERNMENT URGES ARBITRATION.

GROWING HOPES.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Meetings, which it is hoped will lead to a resumption of negotiations between the parties in the cotton trade dispute were held in Manchester to-day. They were the result of an interview between the Prime Minister and the employers at Edinburgh during the week-end, when Mr. MacDonald, it is understood argued the desirability of submitting the case to arbitration.

At noon the Committee of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association met. Sir Horace Wilson was present, but the meeting was adjourned when it became known that the Committee of the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Associations had been called for this afternoon.

"It is expected that these two sections of employers will meet later in consultation, with a view to joint action. Part of the business at each meeting dealt with the question of arbitration and reports were given of the interview with Mr. MacDonald.

Further Negotiations.

Reuter learns that the Central Committee of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association have adopted a resolution entrusting their wages' committees to proceed with further negotiations with the operatives, not excluding the principle of arbitration. The employers' wages' committees will meet jointly to-morrow.

Long Way To Go Yet.

LATER.

Although the cotton outlook is more hopeful, it is recognized that there is still a long way to go before coming to a settlement. It is hoped the decision of the employers to-day will lead to a meeting with the operatives on Thursday.

Sir Horace Wilson has not yet been able to decide whether he can go to Canada on Friday to join Mr. Thomas. He has already booked his passage, but is prepared to stay in Manchester if necessary.

WEALTHY AMERICA.

GROWTH OF NATIONAL INCOME.

Washington.—The national wealth of the United States for 1923 probably reached ninety billion dollars or about \$745 per capita, excluding paper profits, profits from the sale of capital assets and the value of households' services, according to a report recently published by the Committee on Recent Economic Changes and prepared by Professor Morris A. Copeland of Cornell University.

This classification of income includes all payrolls, value of boarding and lodging furnished, pensions, rent, royalties, profits withdrawn from business by individual enterprises and the value of certain commodities produced by families for their own use.

The survey, presented to the Committee of which President Hoover is chairman, points out that the share of income going to employees was increased. Salaried employees have gained in comparison with pre-war conditions particularly in governmental, banking and construction fields.

Income Doubled Since 1918. For 1928 the total money income, the survey shows, is somewhat lower than that for the realized income. Since 1918 the money income of the United States has nearly doubled, reaching eighty-one billion for 1928. "The prosperity of the last few years," stated Dr. Copeland, "is shown in the growth of national income since 1924, followed by a slight slowing down in growth in 1927."

The great growth in national income has been in the face of agricultural depression. The proportion of income going to agriculture over a thirteen year period has decreased three per cent., Professor Copeland said, but he indicated that this decrease was partially due to the industrialization of the review and also due to the change in relative remuneration of agriculture.

In manufacturing, it was pointed out, property received only a small proportion of realized income. The return to borrowed capital amounted to a small and decreasing part of the total realized income, continued the report.

In the terms of physical production, manufacturing was found to have gained in relation to other industries, bearing out the general tendency toward an industrial state primarily.—*United Press.*

READY TO LEAVE AT ONCE.

BRITISH ATTITUDE TO THE RHINELAND.

FRENCH HESITANCY.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE HAGUE, Aug. 13.

It is officially stated that the meeting privately held between Mr. Arthur Henderson, M. Briand, Dr. Stresemann and M. Hymans, with regard to the evacuation of the Rhineland, has proved so satisfactory that the Political Commission will not meet to-morrow, but will be postponed in order to give M. Briand an opportunity of ascertaining the views of his experts on the point of when the French evacuation of the Rhineland could be completed.

It is learned from German political circles here, that Mr. Arthur Henderson, during the discussion of the Rhineland question, said that British evacuation was entirely independent of the Young Plan. Evacuation would be effected whether or not the Young Plan was carried out.

M. Briand, however, reaffirmed the French standpoint that evacuation depended upon a favourable settlement of the reparations question.

German circles are stated to be greatly disappointed, at M. Briand's statement.

It is understood that the Belgian attitude approaches that of the British, who are reported to be prepared to begin the evacuation in September and to complete it by Christmas.

PROHIBITION ATTACKED BY WOMEN.

NEED FOR REFORM URGED.

Chicago.—Plans for the development of a nationwide war for national prohibition reform were discussed recently by prominent women of eighteen States, who met under the leadership of Mrs. Charles H. Sabin of New York. The secret meeting, held at the Drake Hotel, was peaceful, in that all the women were in favour of temperance but opposed to prohibition on the ground that it "is destroying the moral strength of the nation."

"The organization is the result of the demand of women from all parts of the country who realize the deplorable effects of the operation of the prohibition law upon their country and their children," said their leader.

This meeting was the first in which women, who favour temperance, have been active in their opposition toward the national prohibition law. Although it has been often reported that the women of the United States are the staunchest supporters of the present prohibition law, Mrs. Sabin declares that research during the last four weeks has proved that the real attitude is quite different.

Corruption and Hypocrisy.

The organization, said to be non-partisan, is composed of members from twenty-six States, and it is the hope of the organizers to recruit members from every State in the Union. Five million women are expected to enroll in the war against prohibition prior to the first of year, according to the belief of the delegate from Kansas, who declared that "prohibition is producing a nation of cheaters."

The Women's Organization for National Prohibition Reform will seek members on the ground that National prohibition has incited lawlessness and crime and also on the basis that real temperance has been retarded. A campaign is proposed in which the membership may be increased through radio broadcasting of the reasons for the opposition of the present law.

At the first meeting Mrs. Carr declared, "we will be prepared to present to the women our specific reasons for opposing national prohibition, believing that when the truth in regard to existing conditions is more fully known among the women they will unite in requiring such a change as will replace the present corruption and hypocrisy with sobriety and honesty."—*United Press.*

Sports News

V.R.C. WATER POLO DERBY.

SENIOR TEAM TROUNCE JUNIORS BY 6-0.

THE LEAGUE TABLES.

[By WATERMAN.]

The only water polo match played yesterday was between the V.R.C. "A" and the V.R.C. "B" and the result was so much of a foregone conclusion that there was only a handful of spectators to watch the game.

From start to finish the V.R.C. "A" were superior and although they played without Stewart, there was never any doubt as to what the result would be.

The teams were as follows:—
V.R.C. "A":—Knight, Soares, Pereira, Laing, Johnstone, Gittens and Weill.

V.R.C. "B":—Rocha, Maynard, Remedios, Roza Pereira, Lawrance, Victor and Foraita.

The "B" got the ball first and Victor was given an early opportunity to test Knight, but he wasted it with a tame shot. At the other end, Laing made things look bad for "B" by pelting their goal with a number of shots, all of which failed to beat Rocha.

Roza Pereira opened the scoring for "A" after receiving a nice pass from Laing and before the interval the same two players combining well added one more. Johnstone had several chances but failed to use them.

In the second half, play was wholly confined to the "B" section of the bath. Roza Pereira scored two more goals and Laing added a fifth before the final whistle.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The League Table to date is as follows:—

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	P.
V.R.C. "A"	3	3	0	0	12	1	6
Chinese "A"	3	3	0	0	12	2	6
Kowloon "A"	3	1	0	1	11	3	6
V.R.C. "B"	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
Chinese "B"	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
Somerset	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
K.O.S.B. "A"	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
Kowloon "B"	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
Navy	3	1	0	1	11	2	6
K.O.S.B. "B"	3	0	0	3	2	0	0

THE FOURTH ROUND.

Matches fixed for the fourth round are as follows:—

Monday, August 19:—
Somerset v. V.R.C. "B".
Kowloon "A" v. Chinese "B".

Tuesday, August 20:—
K.O.S.B. "A" v. V.R.C. "A".
Chinese "A" v. Royal Navy.

Wednesday, August 21:—
K.O.S.B. "B" v. Kowloon "B".

The most interesting match next week will be that on Monday between the Chinese "B" and the Kowloon "A" both of which teams are undefeated so far. The match ought to be a good tussle and I expect to see a record crowd of supporters from these two popular sides at the V.R.C. To predict a win for either team would be injudicious, but I am inclined to think that the Chinese will give Kowloon a good run for their money. The game is very open and the winner will go a long way in the league.

BASEBALL.

SATURDAY'S OPENING GAME.

In their game with the South China Athletic Association on Saturday at Caroline Hill, commencing at 4.30 p.m. the Japanese line up will be:—

Pitcher: Koga or Tsukaguchi.
Catcher: Soejima.
1st Base: Murata.
2nd Base: Honda (captain).
3rd Base: Sakaguchi.
4th Base: Taniguchi or Koga.
5th Base: Morizono or Kusano.
6th Base: Takahashi or Saido.
Reserve: Sogata.

HOME CRICKET.

DULEEPSINHJI'S BIG SCORES.

NOTTS LOSE THE LEAD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 13.

At Hastings, Sussex defeated Kent by 107 runs. Scores:—
Sussex 428 runs (K. S. Duleepsinhji made 113; Freeman took 6 wickets for 131 runs) and 381 runs for 8 wickets, declared (K. S. Duleepsinhji 246).

Kent 303 runs (C. H. Knott 140 not out; Tate 6 for 138) and 241 runs (Amos 118; Tate 7 for 58).

Surrey v. Middlesex.
At the Oval Surrey lost to Middlesex by eight wickets. Scores:—
Middlesex 314 runs for 6 wickets, declared (Lee 223, G. O. Allen 133), and 83 runs for 2 wickets.

Surrey 171 runs (I. A. R. Peebles 6 for 20) and, following-on, 334 runs.

Somerset v. Glamorgan.
At Weston-super-Mare, Somersetshire lost to Glamorgan by four wickets. Scores:—
Somerset 128 runs (Ryan 5 for 19) and 229 runs.

Glamorgan 109 runs (Wellard 5 for 31) and 250 runs for 6 wickets.

Essex v. South Africans.
At Leyton, Essex lost to the South Africans by 327 runs. Scores:—
South Africans 389 runs for 7 wickets, declared and 291 runs for 8 wickets, declared.

Essex 237 runs (Q. MacMillan 5 for 81) and 106 runs.

L.C.C. AND WOMEN MANAGERS.

SUPERVISION OF SUBURBAN ESTATES.

The London County Council is considering the employment of women for the management of certain of its estates. Inevitably a proportion of the new tenants moved from the poorer districts of London do not always know how to keep their new homes clean and tidy, or to look after their gardens. Up to the present the London County Council has relied mainly on the good conduct of its tenants and a system of supervision by the Estate Superintendents and other officers appointed by the Council for the purpose.

All the evidence goes to show that the great majority of the L.C.C. tenants and their children are good and well-behaved citizens. There are, however, occasional complaints from those who reside in the neighbourhood of an L.C.C. housing estate, who are not always pleased that their district should have been chosen for that purpose. But there is every hope that families who have been removed from Southwark, Shoreditch, or such districts to the new cottage estates at Downham or Watling, where they pay higher rents and receive proportionately greater value, will respond quickly to the new environment.

Holland's Experience.

But, as in other industrial centres, the conduct of a few London families, whose bad behaviour has probably been greatly exaggerated, still leaves something to be desired, and therefore all those who believe in management by trained and experienced women on the Dutch Hill system is one of the main remedies for the improvement of undesirable tenants, would be very glad to see the London County Council follow the example of other municipalities and appoint women managers who might carry out certain of the duties now being performed by men.

There are, indeed, some critics who assert that the L.C.C. have been unduly slow in following the lead set years ago by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners and by the Commissioners of Crown Land. Trained women managers are at the present time at work on behalf of these official bodies in Paddington, Marylebone, Westminster, Walworth, Lambeth, Southwark, and Newington.

The North of England has been much more awake to the value of the work of women who, by their sympathy and experience can effect co-operation between landlord and tenant. Such municipal landlords as the Councils of Rotherham, Scarborough, Chesterfield, Stockton-on-Tees, Chester, and Bellingham now employ trained women managers on their municipal estates. Among private landlords, both Lord Salisbury and Lady Selborne make use of the services of women managers for property at Southwark and in Liverpool.

At Amsterdam there are no fewer than thirty women managers on the municipal staff, but in Holland, where many interesting experiments are being conducted in the management of poor property, it is found better to recruit such managers from the main from the same class as the tenants, whom they will eventually supervise.

Tennis Notes.

Good weather has favoured the Tennis League for the past two weeks, and some of the arrears have been knocked off, with the result that several Clubs have completed their fixtures. Their records follow:—

"B" DIVISION.
Kowloon C.C.

	Sets.
beat Nippon	5-4
lost to Hong Kong C.C.	3-6
lost to Chinese R.C.	0-9
lost to M.B.K.	2-7
lost to Recreation	2-7
lost to S.C.A.A.	3-6
lost to I.R.C.	1-8
lost to University	2-7
lost to R.E. & S.	4-5
lost to Y.M.C.A.	2-7
	24-95

R.E. & S.

	Sets.
beat Recreation	9-0
beat S.C.A.A.	8-1
beat K.C.C.	5-4
beat I.R.C.	5-4
v.o. from University	5-4
beat Y.M.C.A.	7-2
lost to Hong Kong C.C.	3-6
lost to Chinese R.C.	0-9
lost to M.B.K.	3-6
lost to Nippon	3-6
	43-38

"C" DIVISION.

	Sets.
beat R.A.O.C.	6-3
beat R.E. & S.	7-2
lost to Recreation	0-9
lost to Hong Kong C.C.	2-7
lost to Chinese R.C.	0-9
lost to S.C.A.A.	2-7
lost to I.R.C.	2-7
	21-51

Hong Kong C.C.

	Sets.
beat R.A.O.C.	9-0
beat Recreation	7-2
beat O.S.C.	6-3
beat R.E. & S.	9-0
beat I.R.C.	7-2
lost to Recreation	2-7
lost to Chinese R.C.	2-7
lost to S.C.A.A.	1-8
	43-29

Civil Service C.C.

	Sets.
beat R.A.O.C.	8-1
beat Recreation	7-2
beat R.E. & S.	8-0
beat I.R.C.	6-3
lost to Recreation	2-7
lost to Hong Kong C.C.	3-6
lost to Chinese R.C.	1-8
lost to S.C.A.A.	1-8
	37-35

A big step towards finishing the "B" Division competition was made last weekend when the most important match, so far, that has been played, took place between the Chinese Recreation Club and the Hong Kong Cricket Club. The match was decided, and three others were also played. By winning, the Chinese Recreation Club put themselves at the top of the League Table without the loss of a point. Up till then the Hong Kong Cricket Club had not lost a point also, but against the Chinese they could do little and at the end of the second round they had already lost the match.

Followers of the game felt no surprise at the result. That the Chinese are the outstanding team in this division there is not the least doubt. Figures are in their favour to a tremendous extent. So far, they have played eight matches out of which they have only dropped three sets, one each to the Hong Kong Cricket Club, Recreation and University, while they beat South China, Kowloon Cricket Club, Indian Recreation Club, R.E. & S., and Nippon by 9 love respectively. They have yet to meet M.B.K. and Nippon whom they are expected to beat. There is every indication therefore of their retaining the Shield.

M.B.K. who were successful against South China, maintained their position next to the Chinese Recreation Club and Hong Kong Cricket Club. They have yet to meet the former who in all probability, will force them to yield another point, but that result will not displace them as it is their last match and the R.E. & S. who follow them in the Table have already lost four matches. The last named completed their fixtures by beating Y.M.C.A. Their record is published above.

An interesting result, although affecting the lower positions only, was the win by the Indian Recreation Club over the Kowloon Cricket Club. It was the former's eighth match and first win this season. There is something quite tragic about the Indians these last few years. Champions in 1923, they had a team of promising young players who were expected to maintain their form for a good many years, but the team has since been split up, one or two playing for the "A" others retiring, while A. L. Rumball is now champion of Tientsin. The present team is only a shadow of the past, and although composed of young blood, they are not collecting the glories of the past.

NEW RACE IN THE NORTH.

RUSSIANS AND CHINESE INTER-MARRYING.

RESULT OF THE REVOLUTION.

[United Press.]

HARBIN, N. Manchuria, Aug. 11.
A new race is being created in North Manchuria, a race which may alter existing relations between the white and yellow races. For, in North Manchuria more than anywhere else in the world, inter-marriages are occurring between fair-skinned Russians and deep-hued Chinese. Economic necessity appears to be playing a leading part in bringing the races together. More than 150,000 White Russians live in the Chinese-Eastern Railway zone, and nine-tenths of them have been compelled to live for the twelve years since the Russian revolution on the living standard of the Chinese lower classes. The result has been a fusion of the races such as has never occurred anywhere else.

The Colour Line.

Approaching Harbin from the south, the "colour line" is astonishingly distinct. Below Changchun, on the South Manchuria Railway, one sees chiefly Chinese. Passing Changchun, one enters the territory of the "new-race" half Russian and half Chinese. Thousands of Chinese in this district have taken Russian wives. In Russian Harbin, one sees only Russians. Here the Russians are resisting the tendency toward fusion.

Unfortunately, no statistics are available. The Chinese authorities are not given to statistics, and there is no one to bother with statistics of White Russians, people without a country. But foreigners who have lived here for many years declare that perhaps one-third of the White Russian women are now married to Chinese husbands. It is estimated that there are between 50,000 and 100,000 children in the railway zone of mixed blood. As they grow to maturity, perhaps they will play a leading part in bringing the white and yellow races together.

Easy Familiarity.

One result of this tendency is an altered attitude of the Chinese lower classes toward the "white man." The visitor from China proper quickly senses the difference. In North Manchuria white men, women and children have lived in abject poverty for years, mingling freely with the Chinese lower classes and living as the Chinese live. So the Chinese lower classes up here display an easy familiarity with white men not common in regions farther south.

"Old China hands" view the situation with alarm. They complain that white men no longer obtain respectful subordination from the Chinese lower classes in North Manchuria.

Other observers feel that the inevitable fusion of the races will eventually work to the benefit of humankind. They argue that the barrier between white and yellow races has been artificial, based largely on the difference in the living standard.

But whether it is good or bad, from the white man's point of view, the fact remains that the races are fusing in North Manchuria, and that within a generation a long start will have been made toward a population in and around Harbin in which the blood of the White Russian and the darker-hued Chinese will have been inextricably mingled.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

RECREIO GO UNDER.

By the defeat yesterday of Club de Recreation on their own courts at the hands of the Chinese Recreation Club by 6 sets to 1, South China remains the only unbeaten team in "C" Division.

Falling night prevented the last round from being played.

LEAGUE TABLE.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
South China A.A.	7	7	0	7
Chinese R.C.	8	7	1	7
Club de Recreation	7	6	1	6
Hong Kong C.C.	8	5	3	5
Civil Service C.C.	9	4	4	4
Indian R.C.	7	2	5	2
Craigengower C.C.	8	2	6	2
R.A.O.C.	7	0	7	0
R.E. & S.	7	0	7	0

CHINA'S HUGE RAILWAY PROGRAMME.

WORK TO COVER TWENTY YEARS.

\$360,000,000 ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.

PRINCIPAL HIGHWAYS TO BE COMPLETED QUICKLY.

[REUTERS' PACIFIC SERVICE.]

Nanking, According to a programme adopted by the National Highway Planning Commission of the Ministry of Railways, the Ministry will undertake to supervise the construction of 67,533 li of national highways throughout the country. The construction work is to be divided into four periods and to be completed within twenty years. The total cost of construction is estimated to run up to \$360,000,000.

The twelve principal high ways planned are:—

1.—Chin-Kwei—this road will start from Nanking and traverse Kiangsu, Chekiang, Fukien, Kwangtung and Kwangsi, passing through important cities like Hangchow, Foochow, Swatow, Canton, Wuchow and Nanning.

2.—Chin-Tien-Kan—this road will start from Pukow westwards and traverse Kiangsu, Anhwei, Hupeh, Hunan, Kweichow, and Yunnan, passing through Pukow, Anking, Hankow, Shai, Changteh, Kweichow and Kiummin.

3.—Chin-Chia—this road will start from Nanking westwards through Kiangsu, Anhwei, Hupeh, Szechuan, and Tibet, passing through such cities as Pukow, Hankow, Fanchen, Chengtu, Batang, and Lhasa.

4.—Min-Hsin—this road, starting from Foochow, will traverse Fukien, Kiangsi, Hupeh, Shensi,

Kansu and Sinkiang, passing through Nanchang, Wuchang, Hankow, Sianfu, Lanchow, Tientsin and Peking.

5.—Chin-Wen—this road starts from Nanking through Anhwei, Honan, Shensi, Suiyuan and Mongolia, passing through Fokow, Fengyang, Changchow, Taiyuan, Tientsin, Urga and Maimaichen.

6.—Chin-Men—this road starts from Nanking through Anhwei, Shantung, Hopei (Chihli), Jehol, Fengtien and Heilungkiang provinces, passing through Pukow, Haichow, Weihai, Tsingchow, Tientsin, Peking, Taonan, Lungkiang and Aigun.

7.—Chin-Yuan—this road will start from Kalka and pass through Suiyuan, Jehol, Fengtien, Kirm and Heilungkiang provinces, linking cities such as Chifeng, Chaoyang, Hainmin, Makdon, Hailung, Yining, and Ninkiang.

8.—Kao-Tsan—starting from Hainan this road will go through Kansu, Chihai, Tibet and Sinkiang, passing through Yenchen, Lhasa and Homang.

9.—Sui-Hsin—this road, starting from Paoan, will traverse Kansu and Chinese Turkestan, passing such places as Wuyuan, Ninghsia, Lanchow, Haining, and Tumban.

10.—Hi-Meh—this road, from Manchuria, will go along the Mongolian border, passing through Urga, Ulaanhai and Wuu.

11.—Ti-Su—this road will start from Tientsin and follow the Sinkiang border.

(Continued on next column.)

KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

CONCERT

BY THE FULL BAND SOMERSET LIGHT INFANTRY

(By kind permission of Lieut-Col. C. H. Little, D.S.O., & Officers).

SATURDAY, Aug. 17th. AT 9.15 P.M.

Admission: One Dollar. Service Men in Uniform: 50 cts.

12.—Shen-Kwei—from Tungkwang this road will go through Shensi, Szechuan, Kweichow and Kwangsi, passing Sianfu, Chengtu, Kweichow, Liuchow and Wuchow.

This principal national highways in China proper are to be completed within ten years while another ten years are to be used for the construction of highways along the border.

According to the regulations issued by the National Highway Planning Commission, the highways are to be at least nine metres wide. The cost of construction will either be raised through the issuance of Government bonds using Customs and Salt Revenues or farm taxes as security, or certain portion of the former revenues are to be set aside for this work. This various provincial governments may build certain sections of the national highways with the financial assistance of the Central Government but this subsidy should not be over 30 per cent. of the total cost.

HOUSES TO LET.

ATTRACTIVE Three and Four Rooms and BATHROOMS IN BUILDINGS, Kowloon. All Modern Conveniences. Apply to—HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRIA BUILDING. [7393]

FLAT, 16, MACDONNELL ROAD, with Every Modern Convenience. Quiet Locality, Splendid View. Apply XAVIER BROS., Ltd., Tel. C. 5316 or Tel. C. 5725. [491]

NO. 285, THE PRINCE, Partly Furnished HOUSE IN STURGEON TERRACE, TO LET (or FOR SALE), From 1st SEPTEMBER, 1929. Apply to THOMSON & Co., YORK BUILDING. [5219]

TO LET or FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, Two Semi-detached 5-Roomed HOUSES with Tennis Court and Garage to Each House.—Reply: SECRETARY, P.O. Box 22. [7793]

TO LET—From 1st SEPTEMBER, No. 1, KELLEY HOUSE, PEAK, Four Rooms, Full System, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences.—Apply DEACONS, PRINCE'S BUILDING. [498]

TO LET, FURNISHED, One ROOM with Use of Kitchen and Bathroom.—Apply Mrs. CHAN, 557, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON. [7972]

TO LET.—Four-Roomed FLAT on THE PEAK. All Modern Conveniences. Furniture for Sale. Apply Box 436, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [436]

TO LET—OFFICE in ASIATIC BUILDING.—Apply: SECRETARY. [5059]

TO LET—From 1st SEPTEMBER, No. 1, KELLEY HOUSE, PEAK, Four Rooms, Full System, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences.—Apply DEACONS, PRINCE'S BUILDING. [498]

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TO LET—From 1st SEPTEMBER, No. 1, KELLEY HOUSE, PEAK, Four Rooms, Full System, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All

WIRELESS FOR LIGHT AEROPLANES.

A NEW MARCONI TELEPHONE SET.

OVERCOMING DIFFICULTIES OF COMMUNICATION.

BOON TO OWNERS AND CLUBMEN.

A light-weight wireless telephone set for use on light aeroplanes has been designed by the Marconi Company to enable owner-pilots and clubmen to communicate while in flight with ground stations, as is done by commercial passenger-carrying aircraft.

TOTAL WEIGHT ONLY 60 LBS.

The weight of the new set, known as the Marconi Type A.D. 22, has been reduced to about 60 lbs. It combines a telephone transmitter and receiver in a compact wooden box measuring only 16 inches by 9 inches by 7 inches, and the total weight includes complete equipment with all accessories, such as the microphone and telephones wind-driven generator, accumulator, aerial, and connecting leads. It may thus be easily carried in all the popular types of light aeroplanes.

The "A.D. 22" has been designed for the transmission of telephony only as experience shows that the pilot, even if he is well acquainted with the Morse code, is usually sufficiently occupied in flying the machine and watching his instruments without being expected to concentrate on telegraph signals.

The Flying Tourist.

Although the set is a "miniature" in respect to size and weight, its performance is well suited to the requirements of the flying tourist. With a power of 75 watts—equivalent to that used by many ordinary domestic electric lamps—the transmitter will cover ranges of 50-75 miles when communicating with the normal class of aerodrome ground stations, while with highly efficient ground stations such as Croydon ranges up to 100 miles are easily attainable. The reception range from modern aerodrome transmitters considerably exceeds these distances, and the receiver is, of course, capable of intercepting telegraph signals, both continuous wave and interrupted continuous wave, as well as telephony.

The set can be installed for operation by the passenger, or it may be fitted in any convenient part of the machine and operated by the pilot through a remote control unit, the tuning having been simplified to "one handle" manipulation.

For normal working the wave range of the transmitter and receiver is 550 to 650 metres, this being the international aircraft waveband, but a quick-change switch is provided to enable the 800-metres ships wavelength to be employed in emergency.

Weather Reports.

The amateur pilot is now enabled to take advantage of the wireless facilities for aircraft that are widely employed in commercial aviation, an advance that is highly desirable in view of the rapidly increasing popularity of private air cruising on business and pleasure. Advice regarding weather ahead, state of the various aerodromes, and other information is made available to light aeroplane tourists, and in addition they are provided with a valuable means of position finding when flying over the Continent and other parts of the world where there are aerodrome ground stations equipped with wireless direction finders.

SHOCK FOR SHYLOCK.

MONEYLENDER'S CLAIM FAILS.

Udke Singh, of Taikoo Sugar Refinery, probably regrets having sued Leung Yee and Sze Lam for \$97.50, \$90 being principal and \$7.50 interest under the terms of a promissory note. The Puike Judge (Mr. Justice Wood) accepted the story told by the defendants that a blank I.O.U. had been signed by them and that Udke Singh had actually been overpaid.

The case was tried in the Summary Court yesterday and plaintiff stated that he actually lent \$45 and that defendants signed a promissory note for double the sum lent, as was customary.

Leung Yee stated that he borrowed \$50 only and that when he signed the note it was not stamped and was merely a blank piece of paper. He wrote \$40 on the note in Chinese characters as the amount for which he would be liable.

Sze Lam said he only signed as a guarantor.

Plaintiff, explaining the Chinese characters for \$40 on the note, said Leung Yee put that sum down as his monthly wages.

Plaintiff called an Indian policeman as a "witness who spoke of writing the note."

(Continued at foot of next column.)

CINEMA NEWS.

"A LADY OF CHANCE."

Norma Shearer has her first "crook" role in *A Lady of Chance*, a new Metro-Goldwyn Mayer production which will be screened at the Queen's from to-day to Saturday.

As a telephone operator in a New York hotel, she manages to acquire a goodly portion of the wealth of a notorious old man who can't understand that there may be a catch when a beautiful young girl seems to fall in love with them. She works with two partners, played by Lowell Sherman and Owen Lee. Then she meets a very good looking young man and marries him under the belief that he is a millionaire.

When she discovers he has no money, she also finds that she has fallen in love with him, and when he makes good, she makes a fight for his happiness.

Leung Yee further stated that he had paid \$1.80 a month for 14 months, making a total of \$25.20.

His Lordship said he believed the defendant's story and that the plaintiff could not recover more than \$20. He had been paid \$2.20 in excess of the amount to which he was entitled.

Judgment was entered for the defendant.

SON OF EX-CHINESE PRINCE KILLED.

SHOT BY GENERAL CHANG TSUNG CHANG?

Mr. Hsien Kai, a graduate of the Military Academy of Tokyo, and the fifth son of the late Prince Su of China, who met an unfortunate accident at the Showaen Hotel, Beppu, (which was already reported in the *Daily Press*), has succumbed at the Uchida Hospital.

It has transpired that the revolver shot was not fired by General Tsung Chang, former Shantung general, but by his secretary Mr. Hsu Ya Lu by mistake. The condition of Mr. Hsien Kai slightly improved when he was taken to the hospital, but it was only temporary. General Chang Tsung Chang hurriedly went to the hospital shortly on the report that Mr. Hsien Kai's condition had become critical, and sadly regretted the unfortunate death of the young promising officer when the latter passed away.

General Chang, his secretaries and many others participated in the watch services that night. The remains will be cremated and the ashes taken to China by Mr. Li Tsu Mao.

To Visit General Chang.

According to Mr. Horii, a secretary of General Chang, told the *Osaka Mainichi* that Mr. Hsien Kai and three other Chinese students had come to Beppu to see General Chang, who has been giving monetary aid to them for their study, and were to leave Beppu the next day.

"We were talking with Mr. Hsien Kai and other students in room No. 1 on the first floor of the hotel," Mr. Horii said, "when we were shocked to hear a revolver shot and Mr. Hsien Kai fell injured. The shot was fired by mistake when Mr. Hsu Ya Lu was carelessly handling a revolver in an 8-mat room on the second floor of the hotel. The distance between that room and No. 4 room downstairs was about 60 or 70 feet with many trees in between. General Chang was with the secretary."

Who Had Pistol in Hand?

While Mr. Horii, General Chang's advisor, says that it was not General Chang himself but his secretary Mr. Hsu who fired the revolver by accident, one report says it was actually General Chang who fired the revolver while handling it, but after all it appears certain that it was fired accidentally. Another report says that Chief Procurator Kuromasa, of the Osaka District Court, who is in charge of the examination of the case, may prosecute General Chang Tsung Chang. When interviewed by the *Osaka Mainichi* Procurator Kuromasa said he could not tell who fired the shot, but that the judicial authorities will take all necessary steps to learn who was responsible for the accident.

CHINESE MERCHANT

ABDUCTED.

FIVE ARRESTED AND CHARGED.

Shanghai—Charged with having kidnapped Mr. Yen Tsu Yung, local sugar merchant, on July 14, five Chinese, including one woman, were brought before Judge Chao and Deputy Harry E. Stevens in Provisional Court. The woman, who is the wife of an alleged gang leader, was further accused of possessing firearms. The case was adjourned until August 17 after the Court had refused bail to the prisoners.

The victim of the abduction, who escaped from the house in which he was held by the kidnappers about a week after he had been taken there, did not appear in Court. The kidnapping took place in front of the Oriental Hotel, on Ying Hwa Ka Road, when the car in which Mr. Yen was riding with some friends was stopped and he was ordered into the kidnappers' car and carried to the place of concealment.

Detective as Witness.

A Chinese detective as witness told the Court that acting on information, police from the Central Station headed by Chinese Detective Inspector Boh Tsung Hui, arrested the first accused, Li Ah Foh, on Fukien Road on August 4.

When Li was brought to the station, he admitted having received \$300 from Yao Tsung, the alleged gang leader, the money being a part of the ransom. Li led the officers to a house at 673 Yunnan Road, where Yao lives. The house was found empty, but a toy pistol was seized.

The raiding party then visited a house at Connaught Road, where Mrs. Yao was arrested and a pistol, loaded with four rounds of ammunition, was found. The officer continued. The guarded house at Yunnan Road was visited by three more Chinese, who were arrested by waiting detectives.

All of the accused denied the charge. Li admitted having received \$300 from Yao, but contended that Yao was refunding a loan.

EDUCATION AND COMMERCE.

A NEW PUBLIC SCHOOL.

TRAINING BOYS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL AGE.

Active preparations are in progress for the opening, in September, of Britain's latest public school. A group of educationists has acquired Kimmel Hall, a large and beautiful mansion near Abergele, in North Wales, where will be carried out a system of education on modern lines for the particular purpose of training boys in the management and direction of industry and commerce.

The Governing Council has chosen as headmaster Captain F. H. Robinson, formerly assistant master at Wycombe Royal Grammar School, and a distinguished lecturer on economic subjects, who has been for years a notable student of and commentator on industrial and commercial problems. He is the author of "Elements of Economics" and "The Coal Mining Industry" in Great Britain, Yesterday, To-day, and To-morrow.

Captain Robinson, in conversation with an *Observer* representative recently, described in detail the aims and objects of Kimmel as expressed in its curriculum.

"We who are responsible for Kimmel," he said, "feel that education in this country has failed to keep pace with the rapid development of the modern world. In this essentially industrial age, when it is so vital that the British nation should maintain its footing in world commerce, some special training, must, we are convinced, be provided for those who will take the lead in the administration of mines, factories, and workshops, and in organising the sale of their products."

"The Right Bias."

"We are planning to accommodate 450 boarders, and to provide a course of study which will enable pupils to enter direct from the school into commercial, industrial, or agricultural life; provision will also be made for those boys who wish to settle in the Dominions and Colonies. There will, in addition, be preparation for boys whose parents desire to send them to universities."

In the Junior Department, to which a boy will be admitted at the age of ten, pupils will receive a good general education up to the age of thirteen or fourteen years. I am going to have a talk at least twice a term with every pupil in order that I and my staff may find out precisely what his aptitudes are, and so be in a position to give him instruction with the right bias.

"For example, if a boy wants to study mechanical engineering, we shall, when he is about sixteen, enter him into the Department of engineering and applied science. There he will be taught pure and applied mathematics, applied mechanics, mechanical drawing, physics, chemistry, modern languages, English, and business management. If, on the other hand, he foresees a purely business career, he will be put in the commerce department, where, in addition to English, and one or probably two, modern languages, he will undergo a special course of economics, accountancy, and the elements of commercial law and salesmanship. For those boys who want to enter any branch of agricultural science, we are also making special preparations. These pupils will have lessons in all its branches, including biology, botany, and land surveying, as well as those others such as English, mathematics, and a modern language, as part of the foundation of the school curriculum."

Engineering and Agriculture.

"Supported by the Governing Council, I am attaching much importance to the provision of opportunity for practical work. Thus, there are to be gas and electric light plants, workshops, and handcraft rooms for the engineering pupils, and it is hoped also to arrange for lectures by leading figures in industry and commerce, to indicate the great prospects offered in these callings for young men properly equipped. Moreover, for those studying agriculture, we are to have a large farm with 300 acres of land, stocked and maintained in order to give pupils a thorough working knowledge of the oldest industry."

Captain Robinson stresses the point that although the aim of Kimmel is to meet the present-day educational need of turning out public school boys who are destined, in the majority of cases, to enter commercial, industrial, or agricultural pursuits, the curriculum does provide for that general training in the humanities as well as in the sciences, which is the ideal of every good public school. Thus, English and the arts, including modern studies, are to be carefully fostered, and considerable attention is to be devoted to music.

One of the most important features of the headmaster's plans is the provision he is making for securing employment for the boys once they are ready to leave the school.

BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

Cairo.—Sir John Maffey, Governor-General of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, has arrived in Cairo on his way to England on leave.

Calgary.—Mr. N. E. Stevens and Mr. D. A. McCallum, two pilots who served during the war, were killed while flying, one of the wings of their aeroplane suddenly breaking off.

Budapest.—Dr. Walko, Hungarian Foreign Minister, and M. Venceslas Sidzikauskas, Lithuanian Minister to Hungary, has signed the Lithuanian-Hungarian Commercial Treaty at Budapest.

Mecur.—Mr. Evelyn Baring, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate at Mecur, is leaving India for South Africa on his appointment as secretary to the Agent of the Government of India in the Union.

Toronto.—Mr. William Hargrave Gooderham, president of "British-American Motors and son of the president of the Bank of Toronto, has committed suicide. He was suffering from neuritis.

Mecca.—It is announced from Mecca that the pilgrimage has ended very satisfactorily, that the health of the pilgrims has been good, and that no cases of infectious disease have been reported.

Cairo.—It appears that Rudolf Pinnis, who was recently deported from Egypt as a Communist agent, is not a Lithuanian subject as was at first reported, but entered Egypt originally with Latvian papers.

Sofa.—The Ministerial Coalition secured 17 seats, the Democratic Liberal bloc secured 18 seats, the Socialist-Radical-Agrarian bloc one seat, and the Communist two seats in the municipal elections in Sofia.

Malabide.—A diver descended at Malabide to the shell of the yacht *Siren*, which sank after a fire. In the cabin he found human bones believed to be those of the owner, Mr. Denis McCarthy McMurrough.

Tokyo.—Although Mr. H. M. Marler, Canada's first Minister to Japan, is not expected in Tokyo until October, Mr. Hugh Keenleyside, first Secretary of Legation, has arrived, and has opened the Legation.

Barbados.—Barbados House of Assembly has, in formal resolution, expressed its loyalty to the King and its heartfelt thankfulness to Almighty God for the continued improvement in the health of His Majesty.

Southend.—It is announced by the Mayor of Southend (Councillor Thurlow Baker) that the anonymous donor of £28,000 to the new General Hospital Fund, as a thank-offering, was Alderman Albert Martin, of The Cliffs, Southend.

Liverpool.—Mrs. Mary Ellen Smith, M.P. for Vancouver, British Columbia, has arrived at Liverpool in the Doric to attend the International Labour Conference of the League of Nations. She is the first woman to hold Cabinet rank in Canada.

London.—A horse attached to a L.N.E.R. van bolted near Victoria Station. The vanboy, Robert Goldthorpe, of Hambolt Flats, Fulham, gave chase, and at the corner of Artillery Street and Victoria Road managed to bring the horse to a standstill.

Ashford.—Two brothers named Barnett, of Ludlow, were bathing in the Teme at Ashford, near Ludlow, when one of them, Leslie Barnett, got out of his depth. He was brought to the side by his brother, Hubert, but fell back into the river and was drowned.

Rio de Janeiro.—Excessive rains caused a landslide at Rio de Janeiro, when a mass of rock and earth from Gaves Hill fell on a spinning and weaving mill in Corcovado. The damage is reported to be extensive, but the factory being empty only three lives were lost.

Ottawa.—The Canadian House of Commons has approved the Protocol for the prohibition of the use of asphyxiating and other gases in warfare, after Labour members had argued for its submission to an appropriate committee. Canada makes the same reservations as Great Britain.

Kovno.—Reports from Kovno state that the Lithuanian Government has passed an urgent law proclaiming the death penalty for all members of the terrorist organization headed by Plekhanitis, and offering rewards for their capture. The fate of suspects will be decided by a military tribunal.

London.—Mary Ann Crew, 50, a married woman, of Farmers Road, Kennington, who was charged on remand before Mr. J. B. Sandbach, K.C., at Lambeth Police Court with stealing 78,545 cigarettes, was fined £25, or in default, two months' imprisonment with hard labour. She was allowed a week in which to pay.

Kingston.—A Bill has been adopted by the Legislative Council of Jamaica which will bring the island in line with other British Colonies in the matter of pensions to Civil servants. When the Bill has been assented to, general revenue will bear the cost of pensions instead of as at present, the officials contributing to the pension fund.

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From Hong Kong.

M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails on/or about 19th Aug.
S.S. "PIAVE" ... Sails on/or about 7th Sept.
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TODAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

"THE SINCERE COMPANY" TO BE RELATED.

The following programme will be broadcast to-day from the Government Broadcast Station Z.B.W. on 350 metres:—

1.48 p.m.—Weather report.
5.20 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of dance music (records supplied by The Canton Trading Association, Ltd.).

"Why?" Fox Trot, Billy Hayes and His Orchestra.
"There's Something Spanish in Your Eyes," Ted Wallace and His Orchestra.

"Susianna," Fox Trot, Sam Lanin's Famous Players.
"Once In A Lifetime," Fox Trot, First Four Hundred Orchestra.

"Me And The Man In The Moon," Fox Trot, Benny Meroff and His Orchestra.
"Sally Of My Dream," Fox Trot, Doney Bros. and Their Orchestra.

"There Must Be A Silver Lining," Fox Trot, "Together," Waltz, Sam Lanin's Famous Players and Singers.
"Charmaine," Valse, and "So Blue," Waltz, Edith Lorand Orchestra.

"Girl Of My Dreams," Waltz, and "After We Kiss," Waltz, Will Perry's Orchestra.
"Society Boy," Fox Trot, and "My Blackbirds are Bluebirds now," The Goofus Five and Their Orchestra.

"What Is That Thing, Called Love?" and "Looking At You," Fox Trot, Arthur Roseberry and His Kiki Kat Dance Band.
"Rovering," Waltz, Justin Ring and His Orchestra.

7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.
8 p.m.—Evening programme of Chinese music relayed from The Sincere Co., Ltd. Programme consists of music given by well-known girl-singers and the staff of Sincere.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 9 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

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NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM UNITED KINGDOM VIA PORTS.

THE Motor Vessel "GLENAP" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the King Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence and/or from the wharves, Delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 31st August, 1929, at Noon, will be subject to Ben's. All broken, chafed and damaged Packages are to be left in the Godown where they will be examined in the presence of Consignees by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, on 30th August, 1929, at 10 a.m. Claims against the Vessel including those for Cargo short delivered must be presented on the Special Form provided, and must also be submitted within 30 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd. Agents.

Hong Kong, 14th Aug., 1929. [8231]

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

AMOI.

Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Haiching, Douglas, Aug. 16.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Takada, B.I., Aug. 16.
Newchwang, B. & S., Aug. 17.
Antung, B. & S., Aug. 19.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 20.
Liangchow, B. & S., Aug. 21.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 22.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 23.
Ramsang, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 23.
Haining, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Tjikaroom, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 5.
Futsang, Jardine's, Sept. 11.

ANTWERP.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Changte, B. & S., Aug. 30.
Raga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 31.
Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.

BALTO PORTS.

Java, Manners, Aug. 30.

BALTIMORE.

City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.

BANGKOK.

Helios, Thoresen's, Aug. 13.
Kalgan, B. & S., Aug. 13.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Aug. 30.
Hirundo, Thoresen's, Aug. 30.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Aug. 30.

BELOWAN DELI.

Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Ciemer, J.C.J.L., Aug. 29.

BOMBAY.

Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

BOSTON.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Koko Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

BREMEN.

Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

BRINDISI.

Viminale, Dodwell's, Aug. 19.
Fiave, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.

CALCUTTA.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 15.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Yensang, Jardine's, Aug. 18.
Talmu, B.I., Aug. 27.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.

CEBU.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.

COLOMBO.

Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Yimniale, D.Well's, Aug. 20.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.
Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 10.

COPENHAGEN.

Java, Manners, Aug. 30.

DALNY.

Yingchow, B. & S., Aug. 17.
Liangchow, B. & S., Aug. 21.
Hector, B.F., Aug. 22.
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.

DUTCH PORTS.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

FOOCHOW.

Haiching, Douglas, Aug. 16.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 20.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 23.

GENOA.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
Protestant, B.F., Sept. 14.

GLASGOW.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 1.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.
Protestant, B.F., Sept. 14.

GOTHENBURG.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Kiangchow, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Canton, M.M., Aug. 21.
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.
Tokin, M.M., Aug. 27.

HAMBURG.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

HAVRE.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.
Protestant, B.F., Sept. 14.

HONOLULU.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.

ILOILO.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.

JAPAN PORTS.

Burgenland, Jansen, Aug. 15.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 15.
Matuyue Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Morea, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Takada, B.I., Aug. 16.

Friesland, Jansen, Aug. 17.
Pythus, B.F., Aug. 17.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Sheafmount, P. & S., Aug. 19.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Yamagata Maru, Aug. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Lima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Tyndarus, B.F., Aug. 24.

Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 25.
Garbata, B.I., Aug. 25.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.
Duchessa d'Aosta, D.Well's, Sept. 3.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.
Nagapora, P. & O., Sept. 4.
Preussen, Jansen, Sept. 4.
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 9.

Angers, M.M., Sept. 10.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.
St. Albans, E. & A., Sept. 10.
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.
Kiangsu, Jardine's, Sept. 11.
Esquilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.

JAVA PORTS.

Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Aug. 27.
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 28.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.
Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 10.

LIVERPOOL.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Protestant, B.F., Sept. 14.

LONDON.

Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

LOS ANGELES.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 24.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.

MANILA.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Chicago, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

MARSEILLES.

Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

MELBOURNE.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Koko Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

MELBOURNE.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Koko Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

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Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
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City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

MELBOURNE.

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Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
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Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

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Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
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City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

MELBOURNE.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
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Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

MARSEILLES.

Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

NAPLES.

Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

NEWPORT.

Newchwang, B. & S., Aug. 17.
Liangchow, B. & S., Aug. 21.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Koko Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

NORTH CHINA.

Burgenland, Jansen, Aug. 15.
Asia, Manners, Aug. 17.
Friesland, Jansen, Aug. 17.
Hector, B.F., Aug. 22.
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Preussen, Jansen, Sept. 4.
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 13.

ORAN.

Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

OSLO.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

PANAMA.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Koko Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.

PENANG.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 15.
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.

Yensang, Jardine's, Aug. 18.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Talmu, B.I., Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Aug. 29.

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
Piave, D.Well's, Sept. 7.

Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

PORTLAND.

New York S.S.S., Aug. 14.
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.

RANGOON.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 15.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.

SAIGON.

Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.

SANDAKAN.

Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Sept. 4.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Golden Peak, S.S.S., Aug. 24.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.
Java, Manners, Aug. 30.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.

SEATTLE.

Bellingham, S.S.S., Aug. 19.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Tyndarus, B.F., Aug. 24.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.

SHANGHAI.

Burgenland, Jansen, Aug. 15.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 15.
Matuyue Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Tea, B. & S., Aug. 15.

Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Morea, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Asia, Manners, Aug. 17.
Friesland, Jansen, Aug. 17.
Newchwang, B. & S., Aug. 17.
Pythus, B.F., Aug. 17.

Kandow, B. & S., Aug. 18.
Kwasang, Jardine's, Aug. 18.
Suizang, B. & S., Aug. 18.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Sheafmount, P. & S., Aug. 19.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Yamagata Maru, Aug. 20.

Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.
Liangchow, B. & S., Aug. 21.
Kwasang, Jardine's, Aug. 21.
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 21.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.

Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Hector, B.F., Aug. 22.
Chipsing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Cheong, B. & S., Aug. 23.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.

SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Hector, B.F., Aug. 22.
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 22.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.

Yokohama, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.

Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.
Nagapora, P. & O., Sept. 2.

Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.
Duchessa d'Aosta, D.Well's, Sept. 3.
Pres. Piave, Dollar, Sept. 3.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.

Preussen, Jansen, Sept. 4.
Tjikadok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 9.

Angers, M.M., Sept. 10.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.
Asphalton, B.F., Sept. 11.

Esquilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

SINGAPORE.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 15.
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 17.

Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 18.
Antung, B. & S., Aug. 19.

Yensang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.
Kiangchow, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.

Saarluecken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, Jansen, Aug. 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 26.

Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Talmu, B.I., Aug. 31.

Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.
Ermland, Jansen, Sept. 7.

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.
Piave, D.Well's, Sept. 7.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.

D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 15th Aug.	2 p.m.
NEWCHANG & DALNY	"YINGCHOW"	On 17th Aug.	3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"NEWCHANG"	On 17th Aug.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUITYANG"	On 18th Aug.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KALGAN"	On 18th Aug.	Noon
SHANGHAI	"KANCHOH"	On 18th Aug.	2 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOI, SWATOW & S'PORE	"ANTUNG"	On 19th Aug.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & BANGKOK	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 20th Aug.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, WENHAI, CHIOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 30th Aug.	3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 31st Aug.	10 a.m.
AMOI, S'HAL, N'CHOW & DALNY	"LIANGCHOW"	On 31st Aug.	8 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HONGKONG	"CHENGTO"	On 31st Aug.	11 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KIANGSU"	On 25th Aug.	Noon
SWATOW, AMOI, SWATOW & S'PORE	"ANHUI"	On 26th Aug.	3 p.m.
WENHAI, CHIOO & TIENTSIN	"KUMCHOW"	On 3rd Sept.	2 p.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

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AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTE" & "TAIPING"

THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM

HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports. Excellent & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.

HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMERS	Days from Hong Kong	Days to Last
CHANGTE ...	In Port 10th August	20th August
TAIPING ...	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE ...	11th October	18th October

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(OCEAN S.S. CO. LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO. LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE (ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.)

Sailings from Hong Kong.

S.S. "CITY OF CANBERRA" ... via Suez Canal 10th Sept.
S.S. "PYREUS" ... via Suez Canal 30th Sept.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option. Subject to Change without Notice.

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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or THE BANK LINE LTD., HONG KONG, HONGKONG & CANTON, JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., CANTON

PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYSTO
BOSTONAND
NEW YORK"MALAYAN PRINCE" ... Aug. 25th
"ROYAL PRINCE" ... Sept. 12th
"CINGALESE PRINCE" ... Sept. 28th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

For Freight, Passage Rates and Full Particulars, Apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

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Telegrams: Furnprimes. King's Building.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPRING ... 27th Aug.
L'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.	ANGERS ... 10th Sept.
SPRING ... 24th Sept.	G. METZINGER ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.	PORTHOS ... 22nd Oct.
ANDRE LEBON ... 5th Nov.	CHENONCEAUX ... 5th Nov.
PORTHOS ... 19th Nov.	ATHOS II ... 19th Nov.
CHENONCEAUX ... 3rd Dec.	L'ARTAGNAN ... 3rd Dec.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syria, Persia, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Olyn, Chania, Hania, Herson, Rotterdam, (Amsterdam).

For Full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Telephone: C 651 and 740. 2, Queen's Building.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	AUGUST 13, 1929.										AUGUST 14, 1929.									
	Barometer at Sea Level	Barometer at Station	Thermometer	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Barometer at Sea Level	Barometer at Station	Thermometer	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds	Winds
Wladivostok	12	29.83	73.7	72	SE	7	0	6	29.73	73.5	75	SSW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nemuro	11	30.04	76.0	...	ESE	3	...	5	30.02	76.3	76	SE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hokodate	...	29.92	76.0	...	NE	1	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	ESE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tokio	...	29.92	76.0	...	NE	1	...	...	29.94	76.0	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kochi	...	29.82	73.7	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	73.7	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nagasaki	...	29.72	75.5	...	NE	1	...	...	29.69	75.4	...	ENE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kagoshima	...	29.70	74.4	...	NE	1	...	...	29.67	73.3	...	ENE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Oshima	...	29.67	73.5	...	NNE	1	...	...	29.65	73.0	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Naha	...	29.67	73.5	...	SSW	2	...	...	29.63	73.2	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ishigakijima	...	29.63	73.2	...	SW	4	...	...	29.59	73.1	...	SW	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Bonin Island	...	29.86	75.8	...	SE	1	...	...	29.86	75.8	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chiofo	15	29.67	73.8	92	87	SSE	1	0	29.70	74.4	80	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.66	74.0	82	84	ESE	6	7	29.50	74.9	79	91	HSE	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Gutzlaff	...	29.61	73.2	78	95	SE	6	0	29.56	73.0	78	95	SE	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Sharp Peak	...	29.40	74.6	81	87	SW	2	7	29.42	74.2	80	96	SW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Amoy	...	29.45	74.0	84	87	S	4	0	29.47	74.5	81	92	S	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Swatow	...	29.39	73.1	86	77	SW	2	6	29.55	73.0	83	88	SW	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Taihu	11	29.66	75.0	77	96	...	0	7	29.52	74.7	73	96	S	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Taihu	...	29.63	75.2	77	...	ESE	2	7	29.59	73.1	75	...	S	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tainan	...	29.61	75.2	79	...	WSW	4	7	29.55	73.0	77	...	S	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Koshun	...	29.63	75.2	84	...	SW	2	0	29.59	73.1	81	...	SW	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pescadore	...	29.59	75.1	82	...	SW	4	0	29.54	73.0	81	...	SSW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Hong Kong	14	29.61	74.9	87	71	SSW	3	0	29.53	73.0	79	96	NNE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gap Rock	...	29.53	75.0	...	WSW	4	0	...	29.52	74.9	...	SW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Macao	...	29.50	74.9	90	76	SW	2	0	29.48	74.8	81	96	WSW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Hoihow	...	29.58	75.1	84	84	WSW	4	0	29.59	75.1	82	89	SW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Pratas Island	...	29.49	74.9	90	72	WSW	2	0	29.53	75.0	77	98	NNW	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Phu Lien	15	29.55	75.0	86	...	NE	2	0	29.54	75.0	82	...	W	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tourane	...	29.78	75.1	79	...	W	4	0	29.78	75.6	81	...	SW	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Cape St. James	14	29.61	75.2	86	78	WSW	4	0	29.61	75.2	82	81	WSW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Barco	...	29.60	75.1	86	71	N	4	0	29.57	75.3	81	...	S	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Aparri	...	29.58	75.1	93	57	WNW	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.63	75.2	85	75	SW	2	0	29.71	75.4	75	94	E	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vigan	...	29.55	75.0	82	81	WSW	4	0	29.71	75.4	77	92	SW	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Manila	...	29.53	75.0	86	75	WSW	4	0	29.76	75.6	79	91	S	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Legaspi	...	29.68	75.3	82	81	SW	6	0	29.76	75.7	79	80	WSW	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Calbayog	...	29.59	75.4	79	80	SW	4	0	29.76	75.7	79	...	ENE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tacloban	...	29.69	75.4	84	77	SW	4	0	29.80	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.66	75.0	86	65	S	4	0	29.79	75.6	80	...	SW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cebu	...	29.68	75.3	85	65	SW	4	0	29.81	75.7	78	...	ESE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Surigao	...	29.68	75.3	85	65	SW	4	0	29.83	75.7	83	87	SW	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Saipan	...	29.74	75.4	...	...	SW	2	0	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.74	75.4	...	...	SW	2	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.75	75.7	...	...	WSW	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	75.7	88	76	SW	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

August 13d. 18h. 55m.—Warning to Hong Kong.—Typhoon in Lat. 30° N. Long. 119° filling up, position uncertain.

August 14d. 10h. 47m.—Pressure is highest in the Pacific to the east of Hokkaido. The typhoon exists as a depression over the lower Yangtze Valley.

Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.44 inch. Total since January 1, 42.81 inches, against an average of 58.69 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON AUGUST 15.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamock
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

S.W. winds; moderate; fair to showery.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, August 14.

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.49	29.85	29.51
Temperature	86	85	83
Humidity	78	81	83
Wind	...	...	...
Direction	SW	W	SW
Force	3	1	4
Weather	O	O	O
Rain	0.17	0.00	0.44

Highest open-air Temperature, 13: 90

Lowest open-air Temperature, 14: 78

B—Blue sky; C—Cloudy; D—Drizzle; F—Fog; L—Lightning; M—Mist; O—Overcast; P—Passing showers; Q—Squalls; A—Rain; T—Thunder.

\$7.50

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AFTER YOU GO AWAY

and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Ice House Street, will do the rest.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From August 15 to 21, 1929.

HIGH WATER. LOW WATER.

	Date	Hong Kong Standard Time.	Height.	Hong Kong Standard Time.
Week.	Month.			
Thur.	15	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
	15	5 24	6 0	1 33
Fri.	16	8 18	3 9	11 18
	16	8 24	6 3	8 2
Sat.	17	9 44	4 0	1 1
	17	7 8	6 6	2 20
Sun.	18	10 44	4 1	2 42
	18	7 47	6 9	1 13
Mon.	19	8 24	4 2	1 31
	19	10 55	4 3	1 57
Tues.	20	8 0	7 4	3 3
	20	10 40	4 4	4 30
Wed.	21	9 25	7 5	3 16
	21	11 44	4 6	4 45

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ACROSS THE PACIFIC
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Aug. 31	Aug. 24	Aug. 27	Aug. 29	Sept. 9
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	Sept. 21
EMPERESS OF FRANCE	Sept. 25	Sept. 28	Sept. 31	Oct. 3	Oct. 12
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Oct. 9	Oct. 12	Oct. 15	Oct. 17	Oct. 26
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Oct. 30	Nov. 3	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 16
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Nov. 13	Nov. 16	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 30
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Nov. 27	Nov. 30	Dec. 3	Dec. 5	Dec. 14
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Dec. 18	Dec. 21	Dec. 24	Dec. 26	Jan. 4
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Jan. 15	Jan. 18	Jan. 21	Jan. 23	Jan. 31
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Feb. 5	Feb. 8	Feb. 11	Feb. 13	Feb. 22
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Mar. 4	Mar. 6	Mar. 15
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Mar. 12	Mar. 15	Mar. 18	Mar. 20	Mar. 29
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Apr. 8	Apr. 11	Apr. 14	Apr. 16	Apr. 25
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Apr. 18	Apr. 21	Apr. 24	Apr. 26	May 5
EMPERESS OF CANADA	May 7	May 10	May 13	May 15	May 24
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	May 28	May 31	June 3	June 5	June 14
EMPERESS OF ASIA	June 11	June 14	June 17	June 19	June 28

E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.
Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

Special Round-Trip Summer Fares.

From Hong Kong to SHANGHAI and Return	H.K. \$120.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$135.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$150.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$235.00

Tickets sold at above Rates will be valid for Return Passage up to 30th SEPTEMBER, 1929. Final Limit of Sale 25th SEPTEMBER, 1929.

HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Hong Kong	Manila	Manila	Hong Kong
Aug. 27	Aug. 29	EMPERESS OF ASIA	Aug. 30
Sept. 17	Sept. 19	EMPERESS OF FRANCE	Sept. 20

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

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" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$135
" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$150
" " " " " " " " " " " "	H.K. \$235

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu	
TENYO MARU	Wednesday, 21st August
KOREA MARU	Wednesday, 21st August
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.	
SHIZUKA MARU	Monday, 26th Sept.
YOKOHAMA MARU	Monday, 26th Sept.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,	
via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.	
HAZAKI MARU	Saturday, 24th August
HAZAKI MARU	Saturday, 7th Sept.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.	
KAGA MARU	Wednesday, 21st August
TANGO MARU	Wednesday, 21st August
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo	
TOKUSHIMA MARU	Wednesday, 21st August
SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,	
Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.	
BOKUYO MARU	Monday, 19th August
SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape	
Town & Ports.	
KAWACHI MARU	Friday, 30th August
NEW YORK, BOSTON, HAVANA via PANAMA.	
CALOUTTA MARU	Thursday, 15th August
KAKO MARU	Tuesday, 20th August
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa &	
Marseilles.	
LYONS MARU	Friday, 20th Sept.
CALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.	
MALACCA MARU	Saturday, 17th August
AKITA MARU	Thursday, 29th August
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	
MATSUYE MARU	Thursday, 15th August
HARUNA MARU	Monday, 19th August
TANGO MARU (Nagasaki direct)	Friday, 23rd August
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"JAVANESE PRINCE"	7th Sept. 24th
"BRITISH PRINCE"	21st 7th Nov.

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YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORT 17,300 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
21,400 TONS.

Cargo returns shown at the Harbour Office during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday by vessels arriving in Hong Kong, were as follows:—

British	Carbo for	Through
Change,	H.K.	Porta
Melbourne	360	320
Hydrangea	120	—
Swatow	120	—
Chinhuu	770	—
Bangkok	—	—
Takliwa	1,940	1,880
Osaka	—	—
Menclaus	2,500	7,500
Liverpool	2,500	7,500
England	2,500	7,500
Total	7,440	14,340

"American."
Patrick Henry, New Orleans 100 600Italian
Remo, Trieste 160 2,100Dutch
Tijkembang, Sourabaya 4,650 3,730French
D'Artagnan, France 1,900 300

Chenonceaux, Japan 400 220

Albert Sarrant, Saigon 2,500 320

Chinese
Tak Hing, Macao 80 80

Total 17,300 21,400

WARSHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following warships were in harbour yesterday:—

"Basin"—Tamar and Moth. North Arm—Stormcloud. In Dock—L.10. Foreign Men of War.—French, Waldeck and Rousseau; and gunboat Argus; U.S. gunboats Guam and Mindanao; Chinese gunboat Kwang Kam.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

Wharves:—Kowloon: Takliwa, Glenapp; Holt's: Menclaus. Docks:—Kowloon: Fungo; Tai-koo: Kronviken, Ampullaria, Hu-poh, Soochow. Buys:—At Kipperpore, At Ten-yo Maru, At Bokuyio Maru, At Van Heutz, At Tyndareus, At Calcutta Maru, At Shantung, At Sourabaya Maru, At Kalgan, At Chinhuu, At Helikon, At C.15 Fager, At C.17 Binkang, At B.27 Tean, At B.24 Tjikembang, At B.28 Phenius, At B.32 Chaksang, At B.34 Tinkow, At C.15 Tai Lee, At C.39 Promise, At C.40 Helikon, At C.11 Gyr. Gnl. Paul Doumer, At C.13 Albert Sauvart, At C.15 Chung, At B.30 Bacon Faulie, At B.32 Eurylochus.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

	Sunrise	Sunset
To-day	6.00 a.m.	6.55 p.m.
To-morrow	6.00 "	6.54 "
Saturday	6.01 "	6.53 "

THE PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

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THE Steamship

"KIDDERPORE"

Carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this Port on or about SATURDAY, the 17th AUGUST, 1929, at NOON, taking Cargo for the above Ports.

Suez, Valparaiso and Ten for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London. Parcels will be received at this Office until 6 p.m. the day before sailing. The Contents and Values of all Packages must be declared. For further Particulars, Apply to—MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents. Hong Kong, 14th Aug., 1929. [8925]

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were as follows:—

	Arr.	Dep.
British	6	6
Japanese	1	1
Norwegian	0	1
Chinese	3	2
Dutch	1	1
French	3	3
German	0	3
American	1	1
Italian	1	1
Total	16	23

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Change (Br.) Melbourne	49
Hydrangea (Br.) Swatow	205
Takliwa (Br.) Osaka, Amoy	283
Tijkembang (Dutch) Sourabaya	344
D'Artagnan (French) Marseilles, Saigon	90
Total	941

SERVICE TO READERS.

THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd., and the HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS, through their London Office at 21, Bldg Lane, Fizzert Street, E.C. 4, are prepared to give Subscribers and Visitors advice regarding accommodation available, motoring facilities, suitable shopping centres, etc. If, when at home, they will call or telephone to the above address, they will receive the utmost assistance and the latest available information on all subjects of enquiry will be placed at their disposal.

ARRIVALS.

August 13.

Chinhuu, for British str., 1,333 tons, Capt. D. Williams, from Bangkok, buoy No. B.13.—B. & S. Takliwa, British str., 3,743 tons, Capt. W. E. Grant, from Japan and Amoy, Kowloon Wharf.—M. M. & Co.

August 14.

Albert Sarrant, French str., 1,139 tons, Capt. Lecomte, from Sourabaya, buoy No. C.13.—M. M. & Co.

Canton Maru, Japanese str., 1,847 tons, Capt. C. Mikami, from Keelung, O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.

Glenapp, British m.s., 12,300 tons, Capt. Y. Y. Ingram, from London, Kowloon Wharf.—J. M. & Co.

Hai Ching, British str., 1,367 tons, Capt. O. H. Farrar, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf.—Douglas Co.

Huichow, British str., 1,222 tons, Capt. E. M. Collic, from Swatow, buoy No. C.37.—B. & S.

Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons, Capt. Greenan, from Swatow, Chiu On Wharf.—Chiu On S.S. & Co.

Kwei Sang, British str., 1,433 tons, Capt. C. Alexander, from Shanghai and Swatow, Jardine's Wharf.—J. M. & Co.

Menclaus, British str., 10,583 tons, Capt. Probert, from Liverpool, Holt's Wharf.—B. & S.

Tai Lee, Chinese str., 1,044 tons, Capt. Y. Yamaji, from Canton, buoy No. C.33.—Lee Tai Hong.

Tijkembang, Dutch str., 5,023 tons, Capt. J. J. Duit, from Tj. Pandan, buoy No. A.24.—J.C.J.L.

Van Heutz, Dutch str., 2,749 tons, Capt. Groothoff, from Swatow, buoy No. A.4.—J.C.J.L.

CLEARANCES.

August 14.

Chak Sang, for Swatow. Glenapp, for Shanghai. Deli Maru, for Swatow.

Kwai Sang, for Canton. Patrick Henry, for Panama. Van Heutz, for Singapore.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	17th Aug. Noon	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"MALWA"	10,950	17th Aug. Noon	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KASHMIR"	8,985	31st Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MOORE"	10,950	14th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MANTUA"	10,946	28th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	2nd Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"ALPORA"	6,712	9th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KARMALA"	9,128	12th Oct.	Marsa, London, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	23rd Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KALYAN"	9,144	29th Oct.	Marsa, London, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"NAGPORE"	5,333	30th Nov.	Marsa, London, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"MACDONIA"	11,120	6th Nov.	Bombay, Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"KASHGAR"	9,006	23rd Nov.	Marsa, London, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"BELTANA"	11,120	7th Dec.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,519	14th Dec.	St. Paul, Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"MALWA"	10,950	15th Dec.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"KEYBER"	9,114	18th Dec.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	18th Jan. 1930	St. Paul, Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"KASHMIR"	8,985	18th Jan.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"MANTUA"	10,946	1st Feb.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KARMALA"	9,128	15th Feb.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"MACDONIA"	11,120	1st Mar.	Marseilles and London
"KALYAN"	9,144	15th Mar.	Marsa, L'don, B.M. & A. w. exp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,519	15th Mar.	Bombay, Marseilles and London

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Bosphorus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Euboean Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKLIWA"	7,936	15 Aug. 2.30 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALMA"	10,000	31st Aug. 3 p.m.	do
"DALOMA"	4,933	1st Sept.	do
"TILAWA"	10,006	29th Sept.	do
"TALAMBA"	8,018	13th Oct.	do
"TAKLIWA"	7,936	21st Oct.	do
"TAKADA"	9,949	7th Nov.	do
"TALMA"	10,000	15th Nov.	do

B.L. Apear line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TANDA"	6,956	30th Aug.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne
"ST. ALBANS"	4,400	1st Sept.	do
"ARAFURA"	6,000	1st Sept.	do
"TANDA"	6,956	29th Nov.	do
"ST. ALBANS"	4,400	3rd Jan. 1930	do

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia. The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hankow, Kobe, Yokohama, Tientsin, and other ports en route as indicated in the following.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand; The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal. The P. & O. Branch Services of Steamers to London via the Cape. The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

"MOORE"	10,950	10th Aug. Noon	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"SHEAF"	—	—	—
"MOUNT"	—	19th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"GARRETT"	5,327	26th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KARMALA"	9,128	30th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	2nd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"NAGPORE"	5,323	4th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TILAWA"	10,006	9th Sept.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,400	12th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"ALPORA"	5,273	13th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"MANTUA"	10,946	13th Sept.	Shanghai.
"TALAMBA"	8,08	19th Sept.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	25th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"KALYAN"	9,144	27th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Y'ama.
"NEILLORE"	8,853	29th Sept.	do.
"TAKIWA"	7,997	1st Oct.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"DELTA"	6,938	7th Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"SASUFURA"	6,000	13th Oct.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"MABODONIA"	11,120	13th Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKADA"	6,848	18th Oct.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"BELTANA"	—	18th Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	23th Oct.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	25th Oct.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"TALMA"	9,956	6th Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"LAHORE"	5,304	9th Nov.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"BAWALPINDI"	16,619	9th Nov.	S'hai, Moji & Yokohama.
"KHYBER"	9,114	21st Nov.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,980	23rd Nov.	do.
"MJEPORE"	5,318	1st Dec.	do.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	7th Dec.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIE"	9,956	21st Dec.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,946	23rd Jan. 1890	do.
"KARMALA"	9,128	17th Jan. "	do.
"MAEDONIA"	11,120	31st Jan. "	do.
"KALYAN"	9,144	14th Feb. "	do.
"BAWALPINDI"	16,619	28th Feb. "	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,980	14th Mar. "	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Y'ama.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	27th Mar. "	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.

* Cargo only.

